

which is incorporated The

845, **B**stablished

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1879.

"Bongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

Vol. XXXV. No. 4960. 號一卅月五年九十七百八千一英 AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL. LONDON := F. ALUZB, 8, Clement's Larrey Lombard Street. Grouge Street & Co., 30, Cornhill. Gordon & Gorch, Ludgate Oircus, E. C. BATES, HENDY & Co., 4. Old Jewry, E.C. BAMUEL DRACON & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall PARIS AND EUROPE:-Leon de Rosny, Reserve Fund...... £800,000. 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris. NEW YORK:--ANDREW WIND, 188, Nas-- agu Street. USTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND :-GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourns and Sydney. SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports London, generally :- BEAR & BLACK, San Fran-SINGAPORE AND STRAITS:-SAYLE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. Heinszen & Co., Manila. CHINA:-Macao, Messrs A. A. DE MELLO

Banks.

FORD & Co.

& Co. Stoatow, CAMPBELL & Cu.

Prochem, Hedek & Co. Shanghai.

LAME, CHAWFORD & Co., and KRILLY

& WALSH. Yokohama, LANE, CRAW-

WILSON, NICHOLLS & Co.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. -

PAID-UP CAPITAL, ..... 5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND,......1,300,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS. Chairman-W. H. Forses, Esq. Deputy Chairman-Hon. W. KESWICK. E. R. Belilios, Esq. | Wilhelm Reiners. H. L. DALRYMPLE, F. D. SASSOON, Esq. Esq.

H. Hoppius, Esq. W. S. Young, Esq. A. McIver, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER. Hongkong,.....THOMAS JACKSON, Esq. MANAGER. Shanghai ..... Ewen Cameron, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS. - London and County

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED. N Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the dailybalance.

For Fixed Deposits :---For 3 months, 3 per cent, per annum, 4 per cent. ,, ,, 5 per cent. ,, ,, **,** 

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED. Credits granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Drafts, granted on London, and the

chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan. T. JACKSON.

Chief Manager. Offices of the Corporation,

No. 1, Queen's Road East. Hongkong, February 15, 1879.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

TO ATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS. At 3 months' notice 3 / per Annum.

On Current Accounts at Rates which can be ascertained at their Office.

D. A. J. CROMBIE, Acting Manager. Oriental Bank Corporation,

Hongkong, November 23, 1878, CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUS-

TRALIA, AND CHINA. 

RESERVE FUND,......£150,000. Bankers. THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE CITY BANK. THE

NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in Hongkons grants Drafts on London and the Unief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-POSITE.

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS. For 8 months, 8 per cent, per annum. n 4 per cent, 11 per sent,

Bank».

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS. (Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.) TO ECOGNISED by the International

To Convention of 30th April, 1862. CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....£3,200,000.

HEAD OFFICE-14, RUE BERGERE,

AGENCIES and BRANCHES at: SAN FRANCISCO, Hongkong, MARSEILLES, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HANKOW, SHANGBAI. FOOCHOW. NANTES,

LONDON BANKERS: THE BANK OF ENGLAND. THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be ascertained on application, grants Drafts and Credits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Exchange Business. E. G. VOUILLEMONT,

N anager, Shanghai. Hongkong, May 20, 1879.

NOTICE.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

THE AGENCY of this BANK at Foo-CHOW will be CLOSED and WITH-DRAWN from 1st July next.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS will be PAID there AT ONCE with Interest to Date, or transferred to this Branch at the Exchange of the Day at the option of Constituents. GEO. O. SCOTT,

p. Manager. Oriental Bank Corporation, Hongkong, May 28, 1879.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

TATR. THOMAS WILLIAM WRIGHT is authorised to SIGN our Firm per to be paid by the Purchasers, Procuration from this Date. SAYLE & Co.

Hongkong, May 6, 1879.

NOTICE.

R. CARL STIEBEL is authorized from this Date to SIGN our Firm by Procuration here, at Shanghai and at Yokohama.

REISS & Co. Hongkong, May 29, 1879.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr WALTER SCOTT FITZ, in our Firm in Hongkong and China, CEASED on the 31st December last, Mr CHARLES V NCENT SMITH is

admitted a Partner from This Date. RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, January 1, 1879.

TAR. JAMES ANDERSON, formerly Manager of the FOOCHOW DOCKS has this Day been admitted a Partner in

NOTICE.

our Firm. J. INGLIS & Co., Victoria Foundry, Wanchai Hongkong, April 1, 1879.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

O BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUC-TION, shortly, on a day to be hereafter named, unless previously disposed of by private contract,-

THE HONGKONG DISTILLERY. Situate at East Point, Hongkong, now in Complete Working Order, and Capable of Distilling upwards of 2,000 Gallons daily. The Property is of a most valuable nature, comprising THREE PIECES or GROUND close to the water, viz:—Inland Lots Noz. 749, 781 and 782, with the Substantially Built DWELLING House and Business Pre-MISES, erected specially for the purpose only a few years since, together with the MACHINERY, ENGINES, STILLS, VATS, STOOK, and TRADE FURNITURE and FIT-

For further Particulars, apply to Messrs SHARP, TOLLER, and JOHNSON,

TINGS.

Bolisitors, Supreme Court House, Hongkong, Hongkong, March 5, 1879,

PUBLIC AUCTION.

-Auctions.

VALUABLE LAND & GODOWNS, &C

THE Undersigned have received instructions from Messrs Landstein & Co. to sell by Public Auction, on

THURSDAY,

the 12th June, 1879, at 3.30 p.m., at their Office, MARINE HOUSE, Queen's Road,—

The following VERY VALUABLE LOT OF LAND, with COAL GODOWNS AND CHINESE DWELLING Houses erected | For the "Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris," thereon, at Praya East, having a Water Frontage of 116 feet by 314 feet, con-For the "Hongkong and Shanghai Banktaining about 36,000 square feet, divided into Lots as follows :---

Lor No. 1.—Portion of that PIECE or PARCEL OF GROUND, situated at Praya East in Hongkong. Registered in the Land Office as Inland Lot No. 428, with Four Chinese Dwelling Houses erected

thereon, fronting Cross Street. Lor No. 2.—Portion of that PIECE or PARCEL OF GROUND, situated at Praya East in Hongkong. Registered in the Land Office as Inland Lot No. 428, with Four Chinese Dwelling Houses erected thereon, fronting Cross Street.

Lor No. 3.—Portion of that PIECE or PARCEL OF GROUND, situated at Praya East in Hongkong. Registered in the Land Office as Inland Lot No. 428, with Four Chinese Dwelling Houses erected thereon, fronting Albany Street.

Lor No. 4.—Portion of that PIECE or PARCEL OF GROUND, situated at Praya East in Hongkong. Registered in the CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and FIXED Land Office as Inland Lot No. 428, with Four Chinese Dwelling Houses erected thereon, fronting Nullah Lane.

> Lor No. 5.—That Piece or PARCEL of Ground, situated at Praya East in Hongkong. Registered in the Land Office as Marine Lot No. 116, and Inland Lot No. 429, with Three Large Godowns capable of storing 2,700 tons each, and Two Small Godowns with Water Frontage and Servants' Quarters erected thereon.

> TERMS OF SALE.—One-quarter of Purchase Money to be paid on the fall of the hammer, and the Balance on completion of Transfer, the expense of which

The Property to be at Purchasers' risk on the fall of the hammer. For further Particulars and Plans.

apply to HUGHES & LEGGE. Auctioneers.

Hongkong, May 21, 1879.

Intimations.



YDROGRAPHIC NOTICE.

APPROACHES TO HONGKONG-TYTAMIE CHANNEL,

Position of Danger. Lat. 21° 57′ 36" N. Long. 114° 07′ 59" E. Left Extreme Tytami Island, N. 30° W. Right Extreme do. N. 58° E. jyl Least Water on the Rock (reduced to low Water Springs) 13 feet.

CLEARING MARKS. No Vessel should stand to the Northward of a line joining the S.E. point of Yechau Island with the centre of Guyune Island (bearing respectively from each other N. 67° E. and S. 67° W.) until Echau Head opens clear of S.W. point of

Tytami Island bearing N. & W. This Rock is about 50 feet Long East and West, and 20 feet North and South. Between the Rock and the Island the Soundings vary from 8 to 10 fathoms.

(Signed) G. KING HARMAN. Lieut, and Navigating Officer H.M.S. "Mosquito.

Approved. (Signed) GEO. A. G. GREY, Lieut. and Commander, H.M.S. "Mosquito."

Hongkong, 8th May, 1879. This Notice affects Admiralty Chart No. 2219 and Sailing Directions for the China Sea Vol. 111, page 78.

NOTICE.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE.

Adjustment of Bonus for the Year

CHAREHOLDERS in the above Office are Requested to furnish the Undersigned with a List of Their Contribu-Tions for the Year ending 31st December, 1878, in order that the Distribution of the PROFITS Reserved for CONTRIBUTORS may be arranged. Returns not rendered prior to the 80th JUNE Next will be Adjusted by the OFFICE, and no Claims or Alterations will be subsequently admitted.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. General Agents. Hongkong, 14th May, 1879.

WHIT MONDAY.

Intimations.

TN ACCORDANCE with Ordinance No.

BANKS will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 2nd June. For the "Oriental Bank Corporation,"

GEO. O. SCOTT, Acting Manager. For the "Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China," H. H. NELSON, Manager.

For the "Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China,"
J. SOMERVILLE, Manager. D. FITZ HENRY, Acting Agent.

ing Corporation," T. JACKSON, Chief Manager. For the "National Bank of India, L'ted.," R. H. SANDEMAN, Manager. Hongkong, May 29, 1879.

NOTICE.

AR. EDWARD BURNIE will Conduct my Business of Marine Surveyor during my temporary absence from the Colony.

R. H. CAIRNS. Club Chambers. Hongkong, May 6th, 1879.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

TURING the Next THREE MONTHS the Company's Steamers FROM CHINA will proceed direct to London, leaving Hongkong on the following Dates:-

3rd June.....S.S. Lombardy.....tons 2723 17th ,, ..... , Zambesi ...... ,, 1st July ..... ,, Teheran ...... ,, 2589 Khedive ...... , 3742 Malwa . . . . . , 2933 Kaisar-i Hind ,, 4023 12th Aug....., Cathay..... , 2982 Bokhara....., 2932 9th Sept...., A. MoIVER,

Superintendent. Hongkong, May 22, 1879.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG COMMERCIAL EX-CHANGE.

THE EXCHANGE ROOMS in MARINE House, Queen's Road Central, will be Open and Ready for the use of MEMin12 BERS, on MONDAY, the 2nd June next. Applications for admission as Members to be addressed to

E. GEORGE, Secretary.

Hongkong, May 14, 1879. YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSO-

> CIATION. NOTICE.

TN accordance with the Articles of Agreement, the Directors have declared a DIVIDEND to POLICYHOLDERS for the Fifteen Months ending 31st December 1878, of THIRTY-THREE PER CENT. ON THE NET PREMIA CONTRIBUTED, ayable at our Office on and after the

15th Instant. Policyholders are requested to send in particulars of their Contributions.

By Order of the Directors, RUSSELL & Co.,

Hongkong, May 5, 1879.

DENTAL NOTICE,

TR. ROGERS WILL Plait SHANGHAI during the Summer Months, leaving Hongsons on the 1st of April next, and returning about 1st November. Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

NOTICE.

TOROM the 1st of October,
DR EASTLACKE will receive his DR EASTLACKE will receive his PATIENTS at his new DENTAL ROOMS. No. 50, Queen's Road Central, over the MEDICAL HALL Hongkong, September 28, 1878.

SAILORS' HOME.

NY Cast-off Chothing, Books, of Papers will be thankfully received at the Sallor's Home, West Point. Hongkong, July 25, 1878.

> WASHING BOOKS. (In English and Chinesa.)

TATASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use of Ladies and Gentlemen, are now ready at this Office. -- Price, \$1 each, OHINA MAIL Office,

for 8ale. FOR SALE.

日一十月四年卯己

TULES MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE in Quarts and Pints. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, May 26, 1879.

HONG LISTS.

Circular, large sheet.

THE AMENDED HONG LIST. in English and Chinese, containing the Names of all the most important Companies, Institutions and Mercantile Houses in the

Price, 25 cents each; or \$2.50

per dozen. At the "China Mail" Office.

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR HOIHOW AND HAIPHONG. (Taking Cargo and Passengers at through

rates for HANOL) The Steamship Captain G. PLIERSEN, will be despaiched as above on MUNDA1, the 2nd Froximo, at 6 a.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to MEYER & Co.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW. The Steamship

Hongkong, May 29, 1879.

Capt. WESTOBY, will be despatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 3rd 1 rox., at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, May 30, 1879.

OLANO LARRINAGA & COY.'S LINE OF SPANISH STEAMERS.

FOR MANILA (DIRECT.) The New Steamer

Captain ABAROA, will be despatched for the above Port on WEDNESDAY Next, the 4th Proximo, at 3 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to REMEDIOS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, May 30, 1879.

AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGA-TION COMPANY.

FOR PORT DARWIN, COOKTOWN, SYDNEY & MELBOURNE, Taking Cargo and Passengers for all Australasian and New Zealand Ports,

tasmania, new caledonia & fiji. One of the Company's Steamers will be despatched as above on or about the 7th Proximo

For Freight or Passage, apply to GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong, May 27, 1879.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR FOOCHOW.

The British Ship "BLACK PRINCE," Capt. Hewen, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, May 17, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK.

The A 1 American Schooner Captain YATES; will load here' have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, May 21, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK.

The A 1 American Bark Capt. Johnson, will load here have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, April 30, 1879.

shipping.

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The American Bark "VESUVIUS," Captain Cull, will load here for the above Port, and will

ave quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co... Hongkong, May 8, 1879.

> FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 American Ship

"HATTIE E. TAPLEY." TAPLEY, Master, For Freight, a For Freight, apply to

VOGEL & Co.

Bongkong, May 19, 1879.

FOR HAMBURG. The British Bark "GOLDEN FLEEUR," WILTSHIRE, Master.
For Freight, apply

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 American Ship "" HAZE," Evans, Master. For Freight, For Freight, apply to

YOGEL & Co. Hongkong, April 16, 1879.

Hongkong, May 7, 1879.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The A 1 American Ship Manson, Master.
For Freight, ap " KDITH,"

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

FOR LONDON. The A 1 American Ship "PRIMA DONNA," LUNT, Master.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

Hongkong, March 28, 1879.

Hongkong, March 28, 1879.

Natices to Consignees.

FROM HAMBURG VIA SINGAPORE. THE S. S. Olaf having arrived, Consigness of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of

the Undersigned, whence and/or from Wharves or Boats delivery may be ob-Cargo remaining undelivered after the 1st June will be subject to rent. No fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

SIEMSSEN & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, May 26, 1879. FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND

YOKOHAMA. THE Steamship Alaska, Captain SEA-L BURY, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of

their Goods. Cargo impeding her discharge will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk. and expense.

The above Steamer having incurred General Average, Consignees of Cargo and Treasure are notified that a General Average Bond is now lying at our Cflice and will require their Signature before delivery. RUSSELL & Co.,

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES. YANGTSE.

Hongkong, May 10, 1879.

NOTICE.

MONSIGNEES of Cargo per R. S. Indus and Coparnio, from London, in connection with the above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk at the Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be

obtained immediately after landing. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consigneon, before To-Morrow, the 29th Inst., at 0 a.m., requesting it to be landed here, Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Understaned.

Goods remaining unclaimed after Wan-MESDAY, the 4th June, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges. No Fire Insurance has been effected. G. DE CHAMPEAUX.

Hongkong, May 28, 1879,

FIRST FLOORS of Nos. 3 and 4, Praya East, with immediate possession.

As also. TAIRST CLASS, GRANITE GODOWNS. attached to Blue Houses at Wanchai, MARINE LOT 65; and BASEMENTS of

Nos. 2 and 3, with immediate possession. SPACIOUS TIMBER YARD, close to the Wanchai Pier. Timber received on Storage or the Yard Rented.

For further particulars, apply to MEYER & Co. Hongkong, March 4, 1879.

TO LET.

MO HOUSES, Nos. 29 and 81 HOLLYWOOD ROAD. Apply to

J. J. DOS REMEDIOS & Co. Hongkong, May 9, 1879.

TO LET.

FFICES, PRAYA OENTRAL, now occupied by Messis Norton & Co.. with possession from 1st June next. Apply to

RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, May 26, 1879.

TO LET-AT WANCHAI.

GODOWNS. Goods of every description Landed and

For terms, apply to

LANDSTEIN & Co. Hongkong, April 4, 1879.

> TO LET. (For Eight Months.)

THE PARSEE VILLA, ROBINSON ROAD, Furnished. Possession from 1st July next, Rent moderate. For Particulars, apply at

THE OFFICE OF THIS PAPER. Hongkong, May 80, 1879.

TO LET.

TUART, ARBUTHNOT ROAD, at present in the occupation of Messrs GILMAN & Co. Possession from 1st June next. Apply to

> STEPHENS & HOLMES, Solicitors.

2. Olub Chambers, 23rd May, 1879.

TO LET.

MARINE HOUSE-WEST. CECOND FLOOR and a GODOWN. -OFFICES in Queen's Road, now under the occupation of Messra Wilson & Bird. and Messra Davis & Co.

OFFICES and GODOWN in DUDDELL STREET.

Apply to E. R. BELILIOS.

Hongkong, May 21, 1879.

"ROSE VILLAS"-FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. BONHAM ROAD,

771TH Large TENNIS LAWN. Apply to SHARP & DANBY.

No. 6, Queen's Road Central, late Mesers E. D. Sassoon & Co. Hongkong, May 10, 1879.

TO LET-FURNISHED.

THE CLIFFS, near Mount Gough, containing SIX L RGE ROOMS, &c. -presently occupied by Dr. ADAMS. Apply to

> MB J. D. HUMPHREYS. Hongkong Dispensary.

Hongkong, May 8, 1879.

TO LET.

TTOUSE No. 9, ZETLAND STREET. DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co. Hongkong, April 29, 1879.

TO LET.

FFICES in CLUB CHAMBERS.

Apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, April 8, 1879.

TO LET.

TORTION of a HCUSE, very suitable for OFFICES and DWELLING, also tur a STURE, Queen's Road Central. Possession 1st March next.

Apply to LANDSTEIN & Co. Hongkong, February 4, 1879.

NOW READY.

CHINESE DICTIONARY IN THE A CANTONESE DIALECT. And II., A to M, with Introduction.

Svoj pp. 404.—By ERREST JOHN EITEL. Ph.D. Tübingen. Prices FIVE DULLARS, or Two DOLLARS

AND A HALF per Part. To be had from Mesurs Line, Crawford Co. Hongkong and Shanghal; and Mosare

Exist & Walse, Shanghal. Brighton, March 1, 1978, Malls.



STEAM FOR

SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MEDI-

AMPTON, AND LONDON (Direct);

TERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-

BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND AUSTRALIA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STRAM - NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steam-ship LOMBARDY, Captain W. B. HALL, will leave this on TUESDAY, the 3rd June, at

For further Particulars, apply to A. MolVER, Superintendent. Hongkong, May 20, 1879.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

THROUGH to NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUGHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

TIHE U.S. Mail Steamship ALASKA will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on TUESDAY, the 8rd June, at 3 p.m., taking Passengers, and Freight, for Japan, the United States, and

Through Bills of Lading issued for tranaportation to Yokohama and other Japan Forts, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America by the Company's and

connecting Steamers. - Through Passage Tickets granted England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

On Through PASSAGES to EUROPE REDUCTION OF TWENTY PER OENT from Regular Rates is granted to current rates. A discount of 20 % allowed, OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY. AND MEMBERS OF THE CIVIL AND CONSULAR SERVICES IN COMMIS-

Freight will be received on board until 4 p.m., of 2nd June. Parcel Packages will be received at the office until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same

is required. Consular Involces to accompany Overland Cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco. For further information as to Passage

and Freight, apply to the Agency of the ompany, No. 9, Praya Central. RUSSELL & Co . Agents. Hongkong, May 30, 1879.

NOTICE.

-COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANÇAIS.

STEAM FOR SAIGON. SINGAPORE, BATAVIA. POINT DE GALLE, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT

SAID, NAPLES, AND MARSEILLES ;

BOMBAY, MAHE, ST. DENIS, AND PORT LOUIS. Michigan

TUESDAY, the 10th of June, 1879, at Noon, the Company's S. S. TIGRE, Commandant CHAMPENOIS with MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE and CARGO, will leave this Port for the \*bove places.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and socepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe. Shipping Orders will be granted until

Cargo will be received on board until 4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m. on the 9th of June, 1879. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left

at the Agency's Office.) Contents and value of Packages are required. For further particulars, apply at the

Company's Office. G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

. Hongkong, May 28, 1879.

Insurances.

SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY OF WINTERTHUR.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, have This Day taken over charge of the Hongkong Agency, and are prepared to grant INSURANCE OR MARINE RISES at Current Rates to all parts of the World.

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

THE SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSUR-ANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Acenra in Hongkong for the abovenamed Company, are prepared to Grant Policies against FIRE on Buildings and on Goods to the extent of \$50,000, as the usual Rates, subject to an immediate Dis count of 20 per cent.

Aftention is invited to a considerable reduction in Premia for Life Insurance in MEYER & Co.

Hongacos, Arena 18, 1878

insurances.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

MELCHERS & Co., Agents: Royal Insurance Company. Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE. COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of \$45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein, at current local rates, subject to a Discount of 20% on the Premia;

- NORTON & Co., Agents. Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED,

HEAD OFFICE-HONGKONG.

GENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon and Penang. Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance granted at the rates of Premium current at

the above mentioned Ports. NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES. JAS. B. COUGHTRIE.

Secretary. Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER His Majesty King George The First,

A. D. 1720. THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are

prepared to grant Insurances as follows:-Marine Department. Policies at current rates payable either

here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia. Fire Department. Policies issued for long or short periods at

Life Department. Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000 at reduced rates:

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, July 25, 1872. NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

INSURANCE COMPANY. Incorporated by Royal Charter and

Special Acts of Parliament.

CAPITAL £2,000,000,

ESTABLISHED 1809.

THE Undersigned, AGENTS at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against F RE, to the extent of £10,000 on any Building, or on Merchandise in the same, at the usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 per cent.

GILMAN & Co. Agente. Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED.)

NOTICE.

TOLICIES granted at current rates of Marine Risks to all parts of the World In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Two Thirds of the Profit, are distributed annually to Contributors whether Shareholders or not, in proportion to the nett amount of Premia contributed by each, the remaining third being carried to Reserve Fund.

J. BRADLEE SMITH. Scoretary.

Hongkong, December 9, 1878.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL,-Two MILLIONS STERLING.

ITIHE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against the Risk of FIRE on in10 Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be received, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision. If required, protection will be granted on

first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single Lafe. For Rates of Premiums, forms of proposals or any other information, apply to

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., Agents, Hongkong & Canton, Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling of which is paid ap ... £ 100,000 Reserve Fund upwards of £ 120,000 Anntial Income 250,000

ESTABLISHED 1824.

THE Undernighed have been appointed Agents for the above Company a Hongkong, Canton, Forchow, Shanghal and Hankow; and are prepared to grant Insurances at ourrent rates of angle and HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkons, Ogtober 15, 1868,

Intimations.

THE CHINESE MAIL.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING IN THE Chinese Mail.

MIWO cents a character for the first 100 characters, and one cent a character beyond the first 100, for first insertion, and half price for repetitions during the first week. Subsequent weeks' insertions will be charged only one half the amount of the first week's charge. Advertisements for half a year and longer will be allowed a deduction of 25 percent on the total amount, and contracts for more favourable terms can be made.

Efforts have been made to establish Agents for circulating the Chinese Mail in all the ports and in the interior of China, all the ports in Japan, in Saigon, Singapore, Penang, Calcutta, Batavia, Manila, the Phillippines, Australia, San Francisco, Peru and other places which Chinese frequent. When the list of Agencies is completed, it will be published. Agents have been already established in most of the above places; and in important ports more than one agent has been appointed at each. Hongkong, February 23, 1874,

NEWS FOR HOME.

The Grenland China Mail.

(The oldest Overland Paper in Ohina.) PUBLISHED AT THE "CHINA MAIL" OFFICE IN TIME FOR THE ENGLISH MAIL.

Containing from 72 to 84 columns of closely printed matter.

THIS Mail Summary is compiled from 1 the Daily China Mail, is published twice a mouth on the morning of the English Mail's departure, and is a record of each fortuight's current history of events in China and Japan, contributed in original reports and collated from the journals published at the various ports in those Countries. It contains Shipping news from Shanghai,

Hongkong, Canton, &c., and a complete Commercial Summary. -Subscription, 50 cents per Copy (postage paid 56 cents.) \$12 per annum (postage paid \$13.50,)

Orders should be sent to GEO. MURRAY BAIN, Uhina Mail Office, 2, Wyndham Street, not later than the evening before the departure of the English Mail Steamer. Terms of Advertising, same as in Daily

THE FOLKLORE OF CHINA

hina Mail

N. B. DENNYS, PH.D.

I HE following are selected from numerous notices which have appeared in the London, Continental and Eastern

bringing together and presenting in readable form the hitherto scattered contributions to Chinese Folklore-Times. A very important audition to Folklore literature—Athenœum. The book is entertaining and adds a good

Dr. Dennys has done good service in

deal to the facts of comparative mythology -I all Mall Budget. A worthy pendant to Archdeacon Gray's valuable volumes-Graphic. -A very amusing and very instructive book-Spectator.

Adds useful testimony to curious information-Ill. London News. Full of oursous interest to the general reader and of valuable material for the ethnological philosopher—British Quarterly

Review. We are indebted to Dr. Dennys for a welcome addition to all existing stores of popular superstitions-John Bull. A work which merits attention as being to a large extent sui generis—Globe. An interesting and important work, Printed on fine paper it will be a book for the boudoir as well as for the savant-

Naval and Military Gazette. Mr. Dennys's book shews us that man is the same at bottom whether his skin be vellow or white-London Quarterly Review. We can promise the sp cial student a rich fund of matter on a very interesting subject-Frinting Times.

Contains some very curious illustrations of Chinese superstitions-London and China Konress. Deserving of careful reading. Throws much light on the study of comparative mythology-(Shanghai) Celestiat Empire. Or. Dennys has contributed not a little to exhibit the inner life and mode of thought of the Chinese people-North

China Herald. Amusing and instructive enough to command a ready sale-Hongkong Daily Fress. The book is one for the general reader thoroughly readable and entertaining from beginning to end-China Mail.

A book of reference to the student and light and pleasant volume-Shanghai Abounding with entertaining and interesting matter-Japan Mail.

Pleasantly written and instructive Stratts Times. We trust the author will continue his interesting researches He bas produced a very interesting and valuable volume even if he has not established his theory -New York Nation.

Representative of the interest and im-

portance of the study of folklore-London We may thank Mr. Dennys for treating the subject with broad ideas and from a high plane-New York Evening Post. Dr. Dennys appears to have dons his work with great thoroughness-Australa-

Nous savons gré à l'auteur de la peine qu'il s'est donnée & requeillir des materiaux importants—La République françaiss Il volume del signor Dennys è di quelli

Indispensable to the student of the very instructive subject of Folklore-Dublin University Magazine. For Sale by Mesers, Land, Chawford

MODELOSS, JAD, 11, 1879,

intimations.

Volume Seventh of the "CHINA REVIEW."

Ready.

No. 5.-Vol. VII. -OF THE-

BEVIEW

CONTAINS— Legislation and Law Mandent China. Jottings from the Book of Rites 清智記.

Chinese Running Hand. The Critical Disquisitions of Wang Ch'ung. The Sadness of Separation, or Li Sao. Historical Table of the High Officials Composing the Central and Provincial

Governments of China. Mr. Kingsmill and the Shi King. Short Notices of New Books and Literary Intelligence. Notes and Queries :-

> Notes on the Language of the Formosan Savages. The Rainfall of Peking in connection with the Sunspot Theory. On some of the Constellations in the Shi-king. A to a server

Ancient Veses. Anniversary of the Downfall of the Yuen.

Crocodiles. Mourning Etiquette. The Land Tax. Sauskrit Characters. Zoology. Mongol Alphabeta, The od of the Hearth. Books Wanted, Exchanges, &c.

China Mail Office, \

Hongkong, May 17, 1879.

A MEW STOCK OF NEXT JOBBING TYPES HAVING BEEN RECEIVED FROM ENGLAND,

THIS OFFICE IS PREPARED TO The usual hours will be observed in closing EXECUTE Book & Job Printing OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

AT BEASONABLE BATES. FANCY BALL PROGRAMMES ASSORTED SIZES, IN GOLD AND COLOURS.

> assorted colours. MENU CARDS,

In Gold & Coloured Borders & Patterns,

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Foreign-Going AGREEMENTS SHIPS LADY'S AND GENTLEMAN'S WASHING BOOKS, CONTRACT PASSAGE TICKETS, EXPORT CARGO REPORTS,

POWERS OF ATTORNEY, CHARTER PARTIES, SHIPPING ORDERS. BILLS OF LADING, PASSENGER LISTS, BILLS OF SALE,

LOG BOOKS,

Loong Bong.

WILLS:

China Mail Office, 2, Wyndham Street,

- (Back of Club).

THE HONGKONG CHINESE MAIL

THE Circulation of THIS PAPER has heen very much extended. The fol-

lowing are some of its Agents:--

Macao. -- Man Chuen Shop. Canton. - Sing Chuen Native Post Office, Luen Hing Street; Chui Heung Low Hotel Luen Ring Street: Kwong Tin FatShop, Yan Tsai Street; Mr Sit Chuen Fan, Tung Won Kwan; Yuen Fong Shop, in front of the Provincial Treasurer's Yamen; How Yuen Shop, Small Market Street, New City; Yee Cheung Photograph Shop, Honam; Kwa Houng Shop, Sin Choong, Honam. Swatow, -Sui Cheong Hong; Woh Shun

Amoy. - Chun Cheong Hong, Mook Kek Foochow .- Mr Yii Ching Choong, Foochow Arsenal; Mr Lum Kwok Ching, Maritike Customs. Shanghai .- Mr Ng Ching Shun, Marl.

time Customs; Mr. Ho Yue Ohuen, Maritime Customs; Mr Chun Sing Hoi, Mosses Jardine, Matheson & Co.; Mr Kwong Chuen Fook, Educational Mission School and Mow Sing Sang Kee shop. Ningpo .- Mr Sung Min Ches, Maritime Onatoma:

Chefoo,-Yes Shun Rong. Japan. -- Mr Leong Chun Tong, Municio pal Office, Yokohama. Saigon. - Wohang Hong. Singapore -- Ting Kee Hong; Kwong foor Bang Hong,

Hanbow. - Yee Hing Hong,

Penang,-Yow Wing Rong; Arms Office. Calousta, - blow fling Company, Son Francisco, - Kwong Foong Tal Hong. che non si loggono, ma si divurano Revista The above are some of the Agendes, with the express couriers who carry the official despatches and Paking Gasester, to eleculate the Chinese Most in the interior of

Hoogkoog, March 10, 1874.

Intimations.

NOTICE. THE Interest and Responsibility of the Undersigned in the Chinese Mail, 日 報 (Wah Teze, Yat Po), UBASED from the 1st August, 1877.

CHUN AYIN. Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

NOTICE

IN Reference to the above, the Undersigned has LEASED the Chinese Mail from the 1st August, 1877, and has engaged the services of Mr LEONG YOOK CHUN, as Translator and General. Manager of the newspaper, which under its new regime will be found to be, as hitherto, an excellent medium for advertising, especially as the Manager is able to devote his whole attention to the conduct of the Newspaper.

KONG CHIM. Lesses of the Hongkong Chinese Mail. Hongkong, April 6, 1878.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET. The British Contract Packet Low (Ardy) will be despatched on TUESUAY. the 3rd June, with Malls to and through the United Kingdom and Europe via Brindisi or Southampton; to the Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt,

Malta, and Gibraltar. N.B.—This Packet carries no mails for the Australian Colonies, E. or S. Africa, nor for Mauritius.

MAILS BY THE FREMOR PACKET .-French Contract Packet Tigre, will be despatched on TUESDAY, the and Alexandria. This is the best opportunity for forwarding Correspondence to E. Africa, the Cape,

Shipping Intelligence.

The following is corrected from the latest

London and Colonial Papers, &c.;--VESSELS TO ARRIVE. AT HONGKONG. Name. 8, Vale o' Doon,

13, Vigilant, 22. Grossfurst Constantine, 23. Monte Rosa, Cardiff 23, G. C. Trufant, Cardiff 24, Edward Barrow, Hamburg

27, Agnes Muir, 28, Adam M. Simpson, Cardiff 8, Leon. Liverpool 10, Spica, Cardiff

23. Wuhu. Liverpool LOADING FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS. At London, -Steamers via Suez Canal Glenroy.

Sailing Vessels. Omba. Whiteadder. Bonaccord. Douglas Castle.

Adolph.

CHAIR BEARERS, AND BOATS, IN THE COLONY OF HONGKONG.

Three hours,... 50 cts. Six hours,.... 70 cts. Day (from 6 to 6),. ... One Dollar, Licensed Bearers (each).

BOATS. 1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900 picule, per Day, 1st Class Cargo Boat of 8 or 900 piculs, per Load, 2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600 piculs, per Day, 2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600 piculs, per Load,

piculs, Half Day,

or Pullsway Bosts, per Day,

Nothing in this Scale provents private agree-That for the Street Coolies is as fol-

STREET COOLIES. Beals of Hire for Biffet Coolist.

Nothing in the shows Scale is to small private

10th June, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, vid Naples; to Salgon, Straits Settlements, Baravia, Burmah, Ceylon, India (vià Madras), Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Flji, Aden, Serchelles, Réunion, Mauritius, Buez,

St. Helens, and Ascension. the Mails, &c.

12. South American,

7. Cadiz, (s.) 14, John A. Briggs, Cardiff London

17. Stentor (5.) Liverpool 21. Werra, London 22, Tyne (H. M. S.)

Benarty. Celtic Monarch. Glenlyon. Glengyle. Harter.

At Liverpool. Anchises (s.) At Hamburg.

Chair and Boat Hire. LEGALISED TARIFF OF FARES FOR CHAIRS.

Chairs and Ordinary Pullaway Boats. Half hour, .... 10 cts. | Hour, ...... 20 cts

... or or ... 50 cental

8rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kau Boat of 800 piouls, per Dey. 8rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kan Boat of 800 piculs, per Load,

After 6 P.M. ........................ 10 cente extre.

Three Hours, sales sees sees see 18 One Howissessessessessesses Hell Hourjannile erne na ann ben ben be 11

Antwerd Penarth Cardiff Hamburg

Liverpool

Spithead

Hour, ... 10 cents, Half day, ... 35 cents.

BOAT AND COOLIE HIRE.

8rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-han Boat of 800

Half-an-Hour,

### Intimations

# .ACKWELL'S CELEBRATED OILMEN'S STORES.

Nine Prize Medale, Paris, Vienna and Philadelphia.

PICKLES AND SAUCES, JAMS AND JELLIES, ORANGE MARMALADE, TART FRUITS, DESSERT FRUITS. PURE SALAD OIL, MUSTARD, VINEGAR, POTTED MEATS AND FISH, PRESH SALMON AND HERBINGS. HERRINGS A LA SARDINE, YARMOUTH BLOATERS. BLACKWALL WHITEBAIT, PREPARED SOUPS, IN TIME, PRESERVED VEGETABLES, HAMS AND BACON, IN TINS,

PRESERVED CHEESE. OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SAUSAGES. - BOLOGNA BAUSAGES/ YORKSHIRE GAME AND PORK PIES. TONGUES, GAME, POULTRY,

PLUM PUDDINGS, LEA AND PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

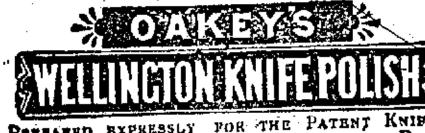
Fresh supplies of the above, and numerous other table delicacies, may be had from most Storckeepers. CAUTION.

To prevent the fraud of refilling the bottles or jars they should invariably be destroyed when empty. Goods should always be examined upon delivery, to detect any attempt at substitution of articles of inferior

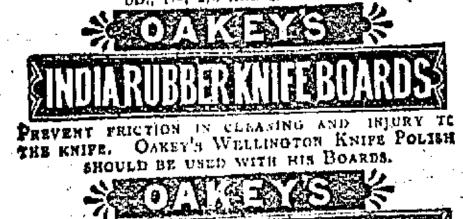
All gessuine goods bear the names of Crosse & Blackwell on the Labels, Corks and Capsules of the Bottles, Jars and Tins.

BLACKWELL. CROSSE PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

> "HIGHEST AWARD & PRIZE MEDAL PHILADELPHIA EXHIBITION, 1876.

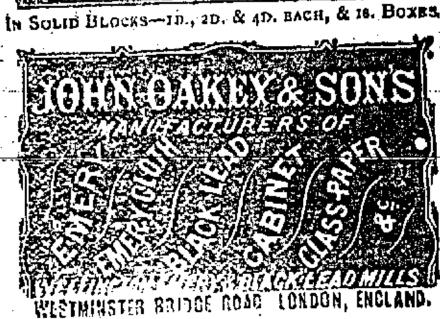


MACHINES, INDIA RUBBER AND BUYS LEATHER KNIPE BOARDS. KNIVES CONSTANTLY CLEANED WITH IT HAVE A BRILLIANT POLISH EQUAL TO HEW CUTLERY. PACKETS 3D. BACH ; "AND TIME," 600 t/-, 2/6 AND 4/- RACH



[NON-MERCURIAL]. FOR CLEAPING AND POLISHING SILVER, ELECTRO-

PLATE, PLATE GLASS, &c. TABLETS OD, BACH - OAKEYS 特





THE GREATEST WONDER OF MODERN TIMES

# HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Long experience has proved these famous remedies to be most effectual in curing either the dangerous maladies or the slighter complaints which are more particularly in-cidental to the life of a miner, or to those living in the

Occasional doses of these Pills will guard the system against those evils which so often beset the human race.

Viz:—coughs, colds, and all disorders of the liver and Fromuch—the frequent forerunners of fever, dysentery, diarrhors, and cholera.

# HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Is the most effectual remedy for old sores, wounds, Licers, sheumatism, and all skin diseases; in fact, when tised according to the printed directions, it never fails to the printed directions, it never fails of the gure alike, deep and superficial ailments.

These Medicines may be obtained from all respectable.

Druggists and Store-keepers throughout the civilised world, with directions for use in almost every language. They are prepared only by the Proprietor, Thomas Holloway, \$35, Oxford Street, London. Bowers of counterfelts that may emanate from the 20.p78

THE CHINESE MAIL.

TAROM and after the Chinese New Year's day (February 17, 1874), the Chinese Mail will be inned DAILY instead of TRI-WEEKLY as heretofore. No change, how-

ever, will be made in the price of aubscription, which will remain at \$4 per annum. The charges for advertisements are now assimilated to those of the China Maili The unusual success which has attended

medium for advertisers. The Conductors guarantes an eventual directation of one thousand copies. It is already the most infinential native journal published, and enjoys considerable prestigs at the Ports of China and Japan, and at | 88, Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London! Singapore, Penaug, Calcutta San Frank Bold in bottles at la. 14d., 2s. Sd., 4s. Sd., pison and Australia. LANN MEN UDER,

### Intimations.

DIMMEL'S CHOICE PERFUMERY. Iblang- hlang, Jookey Club, and other peraumes, Toilet Vinegar of world-wide colebrity, Toilet Water, Lavender Water, Florida Water, Eau de Cologne, Lime Juice and Glycerine for the Hair, Glycerine, Honey, Windsor, and other Toilet Scape, Violet and Rice powder, Aquadentine for the Teeth, Aromatic Ozonizer, a Natural Air Purifier, &c., Sold by all Perfumers and Chemists.

Registered trade mark—an Heraldic Rose. 96, Straud, 28, Regent Street, and 24, Cornbill, London, 17, Boulevard des Italiens, Paris.

31m,79



CLIMATIC DEBILITY. THE WEAK MADE STRONG,

NEWMAN'S EXTRACT OF MALT. Prepared from the finest Kentish Malt, being non-fermented and free from Spirit, as certified by Dr. Hassall and other Analytical Chemists.

It is strongly recommended by the faculty, and extensively used in the principal Hospitals, and is particularly valuable in all cases of Constitution al and Climatic Debility, sa well as being a most agreeable and efficient substitute for Cod Liver · il. It is also very strongly recommended to be taken instead of Wine or Beer between meals, as imparts immediate strength, assists digestion, and produces appetite, and it may be freely taken by total abstainers without any misgivings as to its exciting or intoxicating

DIRECTIONS .- A Wine-glassful twice or three times a day. The Extract should be kept lying down in a cool place.

Copies of the Original Testimonials from Physicians and the Public can be forwarded upon application to the Manufacturer. Sold by all Chemists, and by the Manufacturer, C. H. NEWMAN, Dagmar House, East Margate. Local Agents: Messrs. A. S. WATSON &

Co., Hongkong. 4jau79

Dysentery, Cholera, Fever, Ague, Coughs, Colds, &c.

DB. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE (Ex Army Med. Staff.) IS THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY

CAUTION .- Vice Chancellor Sig W. P. Wood stated that Dr. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the Inventor of Chlorodyne, that the story or the Defendant, Freeman, being the Inventor was deliberately untrue; which he regretted had been sworn to. Eminent Hospital Physicians of London stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer of Chlorydyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. Browne's. - See Times, July 12, 1864. The public, therefore, are cautioned

against using any other than DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

REMEDIAL USES AND ACTION.

This invaluable remedy produces quiet, refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calma the system, restores the deranged functions. and atimulates healthy action of the secretions of the body, without creating any of those unpleasant results attending the use of opium. Old and young may take it at all hours and times when requisite. Thousands of persons testify to its marvellous good effects and wonderful cures, while medical men extol its virtues most exten-

CHLORODYNE is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remediy ever d scovered.

CHLORODY. E is the best remedy known for coughs, consumption, bronchitis, asthma. CHLORODYNE effectually checks and ar rests those too often fatal diseasesdiphtheria, fever, croup, ague. CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in diar-

rhoss, and is the only specific in cholers and dysentery. CHLORODYNE effectually outs short al attacks of epidepsy, hysteria, palpitations

and spasms. CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in neuralgia, rheumatism, goul, cancer, toothsohe, meningitis, &c.

EXTRACTS FROM MEDICAL OPINIONS. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne .-

See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. From A. Montgomery, Esq., late Inspector of Hospitals, Bombay :-- "Oblored yne is a most valuable remedy in Neuralgia. Asthma, and Dysentery. To it I fairly owe my restoration to health, after eighteen months' severe suffering, and when other remedies had failed."

Dr. Lowe, Medical Missionary in India. reports (December 1865) that in nearly every case of Cholers in which Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S OHIOLODYNE was administered. the patient recovered.

Extract from the General Board of Health, London, as to its efficacy in Cholera. - So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases."

See leading article, Pharmaceutical Journal, August 1, 1869, which states that Dr. J. Collis Browns was the inventor of Chlorodyne; that it is always right to use his preparation when Chlorodyne is ordered. the Chinese Mail makes it an admirable | Oaution.-None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Coulis Browny" on the Government Stamp. Overwhelming medical

testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole Manufacturer-J. T. DAVENPORT.

and lis.

Intimations.

#### SAFEST MILD THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS. LADIES. CHILDREN AND INFANTS REMEDY FOR ACIDITY AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

OF THE STOMACH. HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION. DINNEFORD'S

FLUID <u>MAGNESIA</u>

5ap79s

DINNEFORD & Co., Chemists And of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Agents-A. S. WATSON & Co., Hongkong.

FOR RAISING WATER. MACHINERY DRAINAGE.

PUMPS PUMPS for PUMPS PUMPS PUMPS PUMPS

IRRIGATION. RECLAMATION. EMPTYING DOCKS CIRCULATING WATER IN SURFACE CONDENSERS. SUNKEN SHIPS RAISING SHIPS. BOARD USE ON MINES. CONTRACTORS. MANUFACTURERS.

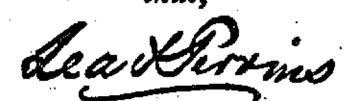
HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES. RAMS, WATER WHEELS, &c., &c.

FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION. Catalogues can be obtained on application to the Office of this Journal. alt. 3\_

# In consequence of spurious imitations of

#### AND PERRINS' SAUCE. LEA

which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have adopted A NEW LABEL, bearing their Signature,



which is placed on every bottle of WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, and without which none is genuine. Ask for LEA & PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

14de79

INDIGESTION. REMEDY FOR THE



CAMOMILE PILLS are confidently recommended as a simple Remedy for Indigestion, which is the cause of hearly all the diseases to which we are subject, being a medicine so uniformly grateful and beneficial, that it is with justice called the "Natural Strengthener of the Human Stomach." Norton's Pills" act as a powerful tonic and gentle aperient; are mild in their operation, safe under any circumstances, and thousands of persons can now bear testimony to the benefits to be derived from their use, as they have been a never-failing Family Friend for upwards of 45 years. Sold in Bottles at 18. 11d., 28. 9d., and 118. each, by all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

. CAUTION.

Be sure and ask for "NORTON'S PILLS," and do not be persuaded to purchase an imitation.

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WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER TO THE QUEEN AND ROYAL FAMILY,

And by Special Appointments to H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, H. I. M. THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA, THE MAHARAJAH OF BURDWAN,

BENSON'S

AND TO SEVERAL INDIAN PRINCES.

MEDALS-LONDON, DUBLIN, & PARIS.

WATCHES, of every Description, or Public Buildings, Dining or and most exquisite designs, with suitable for all climates, from £2 Drawing Room, Library, Carri- Monograms, Crests, and Devices, to 200 guiness. Chronographs, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per. Enamelled in Colours, after Dependence of the colours, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per. Enamelled in Colours, after Dependence of the colours, after Dependence of the colours, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per. Enamelled in Colours, after Dependence of the colours, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per. Enamelled in Colours, after Dependence of the colours, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per. Enamelled in Colours, after Dependence of the colours, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per. Enamelled in Colours, after Dependence of the colours, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per. Enamelled in Colours, after Dependence of the colours, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per. Enamelled in Colours, after Dependence of the colours, age, Church, Hall, or Shop. Per. Enamelled in Colours, age, Church, age, Churc Chronometers, Keyless Levers, ARTISTIC ENGLISH CLOCKS, Artists in the Precious Metals; Presentation, Repeaters, Railway decorated with Wedgwood and Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, other weres, designed to suit Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of Guards', Soldiers', and Work- any style of furniture; also as bijouterie as supplied to Memmen's Watches of Extra Strength. novelties for Presents. Made bers of the Court, and other solely by Benson. From £5 5s. Distinguished Personages.

Merchants, Shippers, and Wholesale Buyers are specially invited, before sending their orders elsewhere, to obtain from the manufactory the Illustrated Catalogues of Watches, Clocks, Chains, Jewellery, cilver, and Electro-place, which are sent post free as not only are the discounts liberal, but a relection can be made from the largest stock Orders should be sent direct to the Manufactory, Ludgate Hill.

BENSON'S PAMPHLETS ON TURBET CLOCKS, WATCHES, CLOCKS, PLATE, and JEWELLERY sent Post Free. Watches sent safe by Post to all parts of the World.

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Houseon Jaly 61, 1876.

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Intimations.

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#### LOZENGES COUGH KEATING'S COUGHS,

ASTHM BRONCHITIS, ...

ACCUMUL, I'M OF PHILEGM. Composed of the purest articles. Lozenges contain no opium nor any deleterious drug, therefore the most delicate can take them with p-ricct confidence. Their beneficial effect is speedy and certain. This old unfailing family remedy is daily recom mended by the most emment Physicians. (In use nearly 60 years),

MEDICAL TESTIMONY. July 25th, 1877.

22, Cold Harbour Lane, London. Fir.-Your Lozenges are excellent, and their beneficial effect most reliable. strongly recommend them in cases of Cough and Asthma. You are at liberty to stat this as my opinion, formed from many vears' experience.

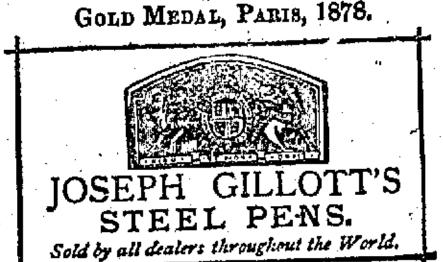
J. BRINGLOE, M.R.C.S.L., L.S.A., L.M. Mr. T. KEATING, Indian Medical Service. Dear Sir, having tried your Lozenges in India, I have much pleasure in testifying to their beneficial effects in cases of lncipient Consumption, Asthma and Bronchial Affections. I have prescribed them largery, with the best results. W. B. G., Apothecary, H.M.S.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES are sold by all Chemists, in buttles, of various sizes, each having the words, "Keating's Cough Lozenges" engraven on the Government

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS, A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and teste, fornishing a most a reeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THR. AL Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mile preparation, and is especially adapted for Children .- SOLD IN BOTTLES BY ALL CHE-

Proprietor, THOMAS KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggat.

**Бар79** 



# Mr. Andrew Wind,

News Agent, &c.

138. NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK is authorized to receive Subscriptions. Ad vertisements, &c., for the China Mail. Overland China Mail, and China Review.

PRICE \$6.

# THE TREATY PORTS

China and Japan. COMPLETE GUIDE TO THE OPEN PORTS OF THOSE COUNTRIES, TOGETHER WITH PE-KING, YEDO, HONGKONG AND MACAO. FORMING A GUIDE BOOK & VADE ME.

CUM FOR TRAVELLERS, MERCHANTS, AND RESIDENTS IN GENERAL. 18vo. pp. 618. With 29 MAPS and PLANS.

CHAS. KING.

DENNYS, Ph.D. LONDON: N. TRUBNER & Co.

HONGKONG: China Mail Office. Price, \$6, leather half bound.

The ecope of this work includes detailed descriptions of important SITES and MONU-MENTS, notes on the CLIMATE and general TOPOGRAPHY, FAUNA, FLORA, GEOLOGY and METEOBOLOGY of each Port and its neighbourhood, with HISTORICAL NOTICES and minute details respecting the rise and progress and social characteristics of the several foreign settlements. To these par- demonstrated. The chief support of the ticulars are added aummaries and statistics of paper is of course derived from the native the TRADE of each open Port, compiled from community, amongst whom also are to be official returns, together with statements respecting Cornage, CURRENCY, and Ex-CHANGES, LINES OF STEAM COMMUNICATION, DISTANCES, and rates of Passage Money. Hints, and recommendations to travellers, giving full particulars of OUTPIT and mode of proceeding to the less frequented settlements are also included, combined with notes on Domestic Merkets and Mode of living.

In addition to furnishing similar particulars, the Section devoted to Hongkong contains an historical sketch forming a chronological index of the chief events which occupied public attention between 1841 and 1865, including POLITICAL EVENTS, Changes in the GOVERNMENT SERVICE, the passing of important ORDINANCES, the ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE OF EMINENTS RESIDENTS, a record of the most notable PIRACIES, ROBBERIES, MURDERS, FRAUDS, FIRES and Criminal TRIALS, ADDRESSES and Presentations, &c., &c.

The appendix contains full tables of the various steam companies' lines. It also includes a CATALOGUE of over 440 works published in the English language upon above may be sent to China and Japan, while a copious INDEX at the end of the work affords a ready menas of reference to the reader,

Intimations.

THE CHINA REVIEW.

THE widely-expressed regret at the discontinuance of Notes & Queries on China and Japan, has induced the publishers of this journal to issue a publication similar in object and style, but slightly modified in certain details.

THE CHINA REVIEW, or Notes and Queries on the Far East, is issued at intervals of two months, each number containing about 60 octavo pages, occasionally illustrated with lithographs, photographs, woodcuts, &c., should the papers published demand, and the circulation justify, such extra matter.

The subscription is fixed at \$6.50 postage paid, per annum, payable by non-residents in Hongkong half-yearly in advance.

The publication includes papers original and selected upon the Arts and Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History. Literature, Mythology, Manners and Cus, toms, Natural History, Religion, &c., &c., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, the Eastern Archipelego and the "Far East" generally. A more detailed list of subjects upon which contributions are especially invited is incorporated with each number, Original contributions in Chinese, Latins French, German, Spanish, Italian or Portuguese, are admissible. are made to present a resumé in each number of the contents of the most recent works bearing on Chinese matters. Great attention is also paid to the Review department.

Notes and Replies are classified together as "Notes" (head references being given, when furnished, to previous Notes or Queries), as are also those queries which, though asking for information, furnish new or unpublished details concerning the matter in hand. It is desirable to make the Queries proper as brief and as much to the point as possible.

The China Review for July and August. 1875, is at hand. It says that forty-two essays were sent in to compete for the best paper on the advantages of Christianity for the development of a State. All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly and enterprising Review. It is a sixty paged, bi-monthly, repertory of what scholars are ascertaining about China. The lecture on Chinese Poetry in this volume is nione worth the price of the Acview. Addiese China Keview, Hongkong .- Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.)

Trubner's Oriental Record contains the fol-

lowing notice of the China Review: -"This

is the title of a publication, the first number

of whi h has lately reached us from Honge kong, where it has been set on foot as in some respects a continuation of Notes and Queries on China and Japan, the extinction of which useful serial a year or two ago has been much regretted in Europe as well as in China. The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar to that which has been filled in India by the Calcutta Review. The great degree of attention that has been bestowed of late years upon the investigation of Chinese literature. antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of informstion, rendering some such channel of publicity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body. among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated, and who are severally represented in the first number of the Keview by papers highly creditable to their respective authors. In a paper on Dr. Legge's She King, by the Rev. E. J. Eitel, to which the place of honour is deservedly given, an excellent summary is presented of the chronological problems and arguments involved in connexion with this important work. Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-p'o, by Mr. E. C. Bewra, is not only historically valuable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace. Beside notices of new books relating to China and the East, which will be a useful feature of the Review, if carried out with punctuality and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be -hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary zeal to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predeceasor in the field, and that the China Review WM. F. MAYERS, N. B. DENNYS, and may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance. The publication is intended to appear every two months, and will COMPILED AND EDITED BY N. B. form a substantial octave magazine,

# THE CHINESE MAIL.

The paper is now issued every day. The subscription is fixed at Four Dollars per annum delivered in Hong kong, or Seven Dollars Fifty Cents in cluding postage to Coast ports.

It is the first Chinese Newspaper ever issued under purely native direction. The editorial department is conducted Mr Chun Ayin, whose experience and competence have already been most full found the guaranters and securities necessary to place it on a business and legal footing.

The projectors, basing their estimate upon the most reliable information from the various Ports in China and Japan, from Australia, California, Singapore Penang, Saigon, and other places frequentel by the Chinese, - consider themselve justified in guaranteeing an ultimat circulation of between 3,000 and 4,00 copies. The advantages offered to advan tisers are therefore unusually great, an the foreign community generally will fin It to their interest to avail themselves

The field open to a paper of this descrip tion-conducted by native efforts, bd progressive and anti-obstructive in tone in almost limitless. It on the one hard commands Chinese belief and interel while on the other deserves every that can be given to it by foreigner Like English journals it contains Editorial with Local, Shipping, and Commerch News and Advertisements.

Subscription orders for either of

GEO. MURRAY BAIN.

String Med Offer

### To-day's Advertisements. FOR SHANGHAL

The Steamship "NINGPO." R. Cass, Master, will be despatched for the above Port TO. MORROW, the lat June, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to SIEMSSEN & Co.

Hongkong, May 31, 1879;

FOR SWATOW AND AMOY.

The Steamship "ESMERALDA," Captain Cullen, will be deon MONDAY, the 2nd Proximo, at Noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, May 31, 1879.

FOR SHANGHAL The Steamship "ELECTRA." Bonne, Master, will have immediate despatch as above. For Freight or Passage, apply to

SIEMSSEN & Co., Hongkong, May 31, 1879.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

# SATURDAY,

the 7th of June, 1879, at 4.30 p.m., on the Premises, for Balance of the Term of 999 years,-

PORTIONS OF INLAND LOT No. 105, viz :--

Lor I.—Measuring North 67 feet rane Street 31 feet; and West 31 feet. 3 in.; containing 2,198 superficial feet. Crown Rent, \$20.78.

LOT II. Measuring North 48 feet; South on Gage Street 48 feet 1 in.; East on Cochrane Street 45 feet 7 in.; and West 45 feet;—containing 2,189 superficial feet. Crown Rent, \$20.79.

Lor III.—Measuring North 69 feet 7 in.; South on Gage Street 70 feet; East 45 feet; and West on Gutzlaff Street 44 feet ;--containing 3,125 superficial feet. Crown Rent, \$29.57.

Each Lor sold will carry with it the materials thereon of the Buildings destroyed in the Late Fire.

Plans may be seen, and all Particulars obtained at the Offices of-SHARP & DANBY,

No. 6, Queen's Road, lately Mesars E. D. Sassoon & Co. Hongkong, May 31, 1879.

OHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON & CHINA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

THE following Rates of Interest are allowed on Fixed Deposits:-For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.

4 per cent. 2 per cent. H. H. NELSON. Hongkong, May 31, 1879.

FROM HAMBURG, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship Electra, Capt. Bohme, having arrived from the above Ports. Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned, whence and/or from the

Wharves or Boats delivery may be obtained. Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless Notice to the contrary be given before 4 p.m. To-DAY. Cargo remaining undelivered after the

6th of June will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected, Bills of Lading will be countersigned by SIEMSSEN & Co.,

Hongkong, May 81, 1879.

Not Responsible for Debts.

Noither the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:-

Golden Fleece, British barque, Capt. James Wilishire.—Vogel & Co. ALEXA, British Parque, Captain George Robb, - Jardine, Matheson & Co.

Vsauvius, American barque, Captain F. W. Cali. - Order. JOHN R. STANHOPE, American barque,

Capt. H. G. Pillsbury, -- Arnhold, Karberg & Co. Killanmer, British steamer, Captain Henry O'Neill - Gibb, Livingston & Co.

ALICE C. DICKERMAN, American 8-m. schooner, Captain Wm. J. Bugant. - Order. Excetsion, American barque, Capt. D. B. Eddy .- Captain. AMME -Danish schooner, Capt. Lasgen.

-Chinese. HAWTHORN, British barque, Captain C. Mead, Wieler & Co. 

# SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS. May 31, Conchita, Spanish barque, 430, F. F. Arise, Suai (Luzon Jaland) May 21, Sapanwood. - I EMEDIOS & Co. May 51, Penedo, British steamer, 652, Cain, Salgon May 26, Rice. -- MELCHERS &

May 31, Electra, Cerman steamer, 1161, R. Bohme, Hamburg April 7, via ports of call, and Singapore May 24, General, BIEMSSEN & Co. May 31. Hugi Yeen, Obinese steamer,

from Canton, May 31, Ningpo, British steamer, from Moy 81, Anna Berife, German barque, Hom When pos,

ARRIVALS. May 81. Lombardy, British steamer, 1726, W. B. Hall, Shanghai May 28, Mails and General.-P. & O. S. N. Co.

May 31, Malacca, British steamer, 1109, H. E. Smith, Yokobama May 24, Mails and General.-P. & O. S. N. Co. May 31, Norna, British steamer, 606, Walker, Saigon, Quinhon, Touron, Haiphong, and Hoihow May 27, General .-Kwok Achrong.

DEPARTURES.

May 31 Diamante, for Amoy. 31, Juliane, for Whampon. - 31, Belgie, for Yokohama and San Francisco.

CLEARED.

Rejanctianuhar, for Bangkok. Ningpo, for Shanghal. Hwai Yuen, for Shanghal. Atalanta, for Hoihow. Amoy, for Canton. Photon, for Callao, Gertrude, for Callao. Paladin, for Saigon.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED. Per Electra, from Hamburg, Mrs Weerin and child, Miss Chalze, Messrs Brandt, Lawenberg, Kraust, Holm, Leirene, Reich and Uckelaw, and 162 Chinese from Straits. Per Lombardy, from Shanghai : for Southampton, Mrs Robinson and child, Messrs O. Nicholson, and R. C. Johnston; for Hongkong, Messra L. J. Lopes and servant, A. Cordiero, A. Walsh, B. C. Moos, and

Per Malacca, from Yokohama, Mesars Terry, R.N. and Appleton, B.N., 8 Euro-Leaus, and 13 Japanese. Per Penedo, from Saigon, 30 Ohinese.

DEPARTED, Per Belgie, for Yokohama, His Excellency Pope mennessey, Mrs Hennessey, child and 2 native servants, Messes J. Bieset, M. in.; South 72-feet 4 in.; East on Coch- Kurrishi, Jno. Pitman and native servant, Mr and Mrs Jaro Ando, and Mr Lasb; for San Francisco, Vr and Mrs E. R. Young,

> To DEPART. Per Rajanattianuhar, for Bangkok, 169

and 489 Chinese.

Per Ningpo, for Shanghai, 1 European, Per Atalanta, for Holhow, &c., 2 Euro. peans, and 40 Chinese.

Per Phaton, for Callac, 6 Chinese, Per Paladin, for Saigon, 100 Chinese.

SHIPPING REPORTS. The British steamer Penedo reports: Tuesday, June 8:-Light S. to S.S.W. winds and very fine

The British steamer Malacon reports : On the S1st inst., spoke S. S. Yangteze; same date M. M. steamer from Hongkong to Shanghai, and M. M. steamer to Yokohama.

# POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS will close:-For SHANGHAL.

Per Ningpo, at 9 a.m. To-morrow, the Per Hwai Yuen, at 9 a.m. To-morrow,

the lat June. Per S. S. Teheran, on Sunday, June 1st. Registry ceases at 4 45 p.m. Mail closes at 5 p.m. Late Letters received from 5.10 to 5 30, with 18 cents Late Fee. Paid Correspondence may then be posted in the moveable box on board the Packet. The Post Office will be open on Sunday from 8 to 9 a.m., and from 4 to 5 p.m.

For HOIHOW & HAIPHONG, (with Mails for Pakhoi and Hanoi) --Per Atalanta, at 5 p.m., on Monday, the 2nd June, instead of as previously notified.

For SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHOW. Per Namoa, at 9.30 a.m., on Tuesday, the 3rd June.

For MANILA. Per Churruca, at 3.30 p.m., on Wednesday, the 4th June.

MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET. The United States Mail Packet Alaska will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 3rd June, with Mails for Japan, San Francisco, and the United States,

which will be closed as follows,-2.15 P M. Registry of Letters ceases. 2.30 P.M. Post-Office closes, but Letters except for Non-Union Countries) may be posted on board the Packet with Late Fee of 18 cents extra Postage until the time of departure.

Correspondence for Non-Union West Indies (except the Bahamas and Hayti), Monte Video, Paraguay, and Uruguay can no longer be sent by this route. Hongkong, May 30, 1879.

Quotations. Hongkone, May 31, 1879. OPIUM.—New Patna, cash....65421 Old , cash, ... New Benares, cash, 515 Old ., cash, — New Melwa, oredit, 760 Allowance Tacla -Old Malwa, credit, 750 Allowance Tacls ---

Exchange. Bank, Wire,... ... 8/9# Demand, ... ... 8/101 80 days' sight, ... 4 months' sight, ... Documentary, 6 months' sight, 8/102 India, Wire, ... 2804 , demand, ... 2314 Shanghai, demand, ... 80 days' sight, ... Gold Leaf, 99; fine ... Sovereigns, ... 5.12

Temperature. (Taken at Mesers Bulconer & Co.'s Premises, Queen's Road. Boxezone, May 81, 1879.

BAROMETER- 9 A.M. ... 1 P.H. ... 4 P.M. ... THERMOMETER-9 A.M. ... 1 P.M.ces ... 4 P.M. ... (Wet bulb) 9 A.M. Do. 1 2,12, Do. Mazimum Do, Minimum oren pight

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW. Shipping.

10 a m. - Ningpo leaves for Shanghai. Olaf goods undelivered subject to rent.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES:-

S. John's Cathedral - The Right Reverend Bishop Burdon; The Revd. R. Hayward Kidd, Colonial Chaplain. Morning Service 11, Evening 5. Holy month. Wednesday, at 5.30 R.M., Evening Prayer and Sermon. Military Service .- Rev. J. Henderson,

officiating Military Chaplain. At 8 a.m. Morning Prayer, &c. Holy Communion on the second and fourth Sunday in the Union Church.-Morning Service, at

11 A.M., Afternoon, 6 P.M.—Divine Service in Chinese, 2-3 P.M. every Sunday, with communion on first Sunday of every month, -Rev. Dr. Chalmers, \_\_\_\_ ST. PETER'S SEAMEN'S CHURCH .-- Rev. J. Henderson. Service at 6 P.M., every

Sunday and Wednesday. All seats iree. Morning Prayer and Communion on the First Sunday in each month at 11 a.m. ST. STEPHEN'S MISSION CHURCH.—Rev. A. B. Rutchinson, and Rev. Lo Sam Yuen. (All Services in Chinese.) Morning Prayer :- Litany, Ante-Communion, and Sermon, at 11 A.M. Bible Class, at 3 P.M. Preaching, at 6.30 P.M. Holy Communion, 1st Sunday in Chinese month. BERLIN FOUNDLING HOUSE. -Service in the German language, by Pastor E. Klitzke. every Sunday, at half-past ten A.M., in the Chapel of the Berlin Foundling House, West Point.

ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH, Garden Road,-In the morning, Mass at 8 o'clock.

# MEMOS. FOR MONDAY.

Shipping. 6 a.m. - Atalanta leaves for Holhow, &c. Noon.—Esmeralda leaves for Swatow, &c.

Amusement. 8.30 p.m.—Free Entertainment at Temperance Hall, Stanley Street.

Meeting. 9 p.m.—Meeting of Zetland Lodge. Miscellaneous. Banks close for Whit Monday.

# General Memoranda.

10 a.m. - Namoa leaves for Coast Ports, Noon,-English Mail leaves for torts of Call and Europe. 3 p.m.—American Mail leaves for Yoko-

hams and San Francisco. WEDNESDAY, June 4:-Goods per Yangiss undelivered after Noon, subject to rent and landing charges.

8 p.m. - Churruca leaves for Manila, FRIDAY, June 6:--Goods per Electra undelivered after this

date subject to rent. SATURDAY, June 7:-4.30 p.m.—Sale of portions of Inland Lot No. 105.

Tuespay, June 10:-Noon.-French Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe.

THURSDAY, June 12:-3.30 p.m.—Sale of Valuable Land, &c., at the Marine House.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY

Established A.D. 1841. 藥

A. S. WATSON & Co., FAMILY & DISPENSING OHEMISTS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS, 1MPORTERS

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, NURSERY REQUI SITES, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH, AMERICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT MEDICINES.

MANUFACTURERS Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water, Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsapariila

Water, and other Aerated Waters, The Manufactory is under direct and continuous European Supervision. Hongkong, June 1, 1876.

The publication of this issue commenced at 9.05 p.m.

# THE CHINA MAIL

HONGHONG, SATURDAY, MAY 81, 1879.

THE appointment by Governor Hennessy of a Commission "to inquire into the practice and procedure respecting receipt, custody and management disbursement of all monies or valuable securities coming into the hands of all officers attached to the Supreme Court," was first suggested in these Waltern that the U. S. S. Co. steamer columns, as far back as the begin- Stentor, from Liverpool, left Singapore this ning of September last year; and the result of the Commission so issued will be found in another column. The delay has been caused by a variety of reasons, In our telegrams from Indian papers reone of which was the illness of two of ceived by the mall, published last night, its members; but we are all the more ready to overlook this tardinesson account of the thoroughness with which the work has been done. All that has been hinted should have been 218. at as to the dreadful and disgraceful state of chaos in which books and | WE are requested to state that the Post documents in the Supreme Court were kept, has been more than proved by the matter of fact statements of the witnesses, especially by the evidence of Mr Arnold, a professional accountant. The system a.m. The other Government offices will apon which monies or valuable popurisies be closed that day, being Whit Monday,

any kind seems to have been provided for the protection of suitors or of creditors. Even the Government itself has been persistently deprived of revenue by the ignorance and carelessness of its own balling his boat out; some sand had got officials. Under these humiliating conditions, it is with more than ordinary satisfaction that the thorough and exhaustive suggestions of the Commission-Communion on the first Sunday in the ers will be regarded by the public at large. Although there is probably no reason for affixing blame to individual officials—the laxity of the system being the principal official cause of the late defalcations—yet it is only right to state that Sir John Smale, as head of the Judicial Establishment here, expressed himself in the fullest and most emphatic manner possible upon the disorganized state of the Supreme Court offices, and of the necessity of an audit, more especially of the accounts of the Official-Trustee. These representations were so Llittle heeded that they were not even pigeon-holed, and many of the letters are day next, the 2nd June, at 8.80 p.m. now missing from the archives of the Colonial Secretary's office—a fact which does not speak highly for the course of have been supplied. The following is the Chief Justice repeatedly wrote in 1874. 1877 was very much to the point; and 1. Piano Solo.. Orpheus. we have no hesitation in saying that, had his recommendations been attended to, the sad experiences of August-1878 and the exposé of the present Report must have been materially modified. It is gratifying to note that the Commissioners, with ourselves, do not think that an audit by a subordinate officer of the Audit Office would be sufficient, but recommend, as an essential point, that the audit should be made monthly by the Auditor General himself. The report as a whole carries with it the public opinion of the Colony, as the Governor said in the Council; and we think that the Commissioners have conscientiously earned the unqualified thanks of the community. The prompt action taken by the Governor upon receipt of the report, and the appointments he has made, will, we believe, meet with general approval, and We doubt not that, although the changes are only experimental, some such muchneeded reforms will soon become permanent facts. There is only one point to which we

feel bound to take exception in reference to this otherwise gratifying public movement. In the Commissioner's Report the following sentence appears: "In several estates there had been overcharges of commission, in one estate under the charge of Mr Huffam's predecessor an overcharge of upwards of \$1000 having been made." Mr Arnold expresses an opinion, in reference to this transaction or slip in figures, that it had been entered in a book written by Mr Massonbut not a word is said about Mr Alex, ander. Both of these officers, however, have long since finished their paltry arithmetical labours; and one would have thought the good old maxim would have been acted upon -De mortuis nil nisi bonum: fortunately, however, this has not been the case. "Mr Huffam's predecessor might not have applied to any one in particular; but, although it is a pity that the unexplained item was mentioned at all, it will be regarded by many as most regrettable circumstance that the worthy Chief Justice failed to see "the eternal fitness of things" with that distinctness which generally characterizes him when dealing in public with matters of a delicate nature. His first blunder was in mentioning Mr Alexander's name at all-nobody else having ever done so in that connection, and the Report and evidence being silent on the point; while the crowning indiscretion was the manman who is dead and unable to defend himself," in his somewhat inartistic | endeavour to speak a good word for the man whose independence seemed to be his only fault. To those who knew the high-principled, unbending yet polite, but sturdily independent public officer, whose integrity, ability and experience placed him in the highest offices of the Colony, no defence is needed; but it would be a pity were the friends of Mr Alexander reduced to the somewhat halting defence of Sir John Smale at the

Council table the other day. One word more as to the Supreme Court. Not a word has been heard lately as to the possibility or otherwise of the money defrauded being replaced by the Government, although it seems to us that the reputation of the Court and the Government depend not a little upon such a step being taken. Judges may say what they please about oreditors; but the fault was that of the

# LOCAL AND GENERAL,

Government, not the creditors.

The next Indian Mails may be expected here. about To-morrow, June 1st, by the opium Steamers.

morning for Hongkong.

the Chartered Bank shares are quoted at 210 in London on May 12th; the figures

Office will be open as usual on Monday. will not open till Tuesday morning, at 9

were dealt with has been proved to be Ar the Marine Court to day, Leung Shui, | up of the Administration by Mr Marsh was master of cargo-boat No. S413H, was charged with throwing a quantity of buildlog rubbish into the harbour close to the Praya. Defendant said he was merely mixed with the water. Fined 25.

WE understand that the Kinshan is not the only vessel which has had her steam whistle stolen of late. The Yotsai lost hers in a similar manner a few days ago. The Kinshan went away without one yesterday morning, and was delayed a good deal in THE S. S. Norma arrived here to-day from boats of her approach. A new whiatle will not realize more than 50 cents or a dollar for the old one if sold as old brass.

Admission being free, except for civilians programme :--

6. Song ......The Bridge. 3. Song ...... Take a lesson from me.

. Song ...... Nil Desperandum. . Reading ..... Sailor's A pology for Bowlegs 6. Song ..... The White Squal. 7. Song ..... Do they miss me at home. 8. Piano Solo. Lucia.

9. Song ..... Ever of thes. 10. Soug, Banjo accompt. 11. Song ..... The Pilgrim of Love.

THE German steamer Electra, which arrived here to-day from Hamburg via the usual ports of call, is a new steamer belonging to the German Steamship Company of Hamburg. She is a craft of 1161 tons register, and is to all appearance a well-built vessel, and well adapted for the China trade as / first class cargo boat. Her length is 265 feet over all. She was built at the yard of Messra Doble & Co. of Govan, and her engines are by Mesers Inglis & Co. of Glasgow. She attained a speed of 11 knots on her trial trip, and averaged 92 knots during the run out. Accommodation is provided for twelve first and two second class pas-

THE Loudoun Castle was to leave Hankow on the 26th, just about the time the Glencoe passed Woosung; both get £6. Our lates advices from Hankow are to the eff of that the Glepartney was likely to follow in two or three days at £5; and the Gienearn at £4 or £3.10. None of the other steamers are likely to get more than the last-named rate. The mail steamers are taking £3 from Shanghai to London.

According to the latest Singapore papers to hand, the following vessels were in the harbour, having Hongkong as their destination :- H. M. S. Kestrel from Sarawak; Ger. bq. Louisa Scheller from Bangkok; Brit. bq. Nettis Merryman from Cotie;

Ger. sch. San Francisc, from Labuan. Mr S. W. Stanley, who has been for some considerable time in Singapore delighting the residents with his billiard playing, arrived here by the P. & O. Teheran yesterday, and proceeds to Shanghai on Monday. Mr Stanley has exhibited some magnificent play at Singapore, and apart from his professional ability (the Straits Times says he ner in which the speaker alluded to "the bids fair to become the Champion Billiardplayer of the world) has achieved much popularity; he has been accorded most liberal patronage. Mr Stanley intends to return here after a season in Shanghai, when a greater treat than we have yet had is

probably in store for us. Proceeding now to Shanghai, Stanley and Shorter, as to whose comparative ability and respective achievements in Penang some considerable misunderstanding seems to have been created here, will have another chance of meeting. If this happen, as Mr Stanley expects and desires, a challenge match for such a sum aside as shall set the question at rest for some considerable time will be the result. Mr Stanley coming amongst us soon again we shall watch the further progress of the arrangements with interest.

H. E. the Governor, Mrs Hennessy, and family left this afternoon for Yokohama by the O. & O. steamer Belgie, accompanied by Lily, Syria, Teviot, Irazu, Cuba, Merione h. the Japanese Consul, Mr Taro Ando. His shire, Glenfalloch, Almatia, Wolf, Tah Excellency will be officially received at Yokohama by one of the members of the Japanese Government, whose guest he will then become. The arrangements for his trip from this time will be mainly in the hands of the Japanese Authorities, who will no doubt duly honour him as the representative of Her Majesty. It is understood he will proceed to Tokio, where the house of one of the Ministers has been set apart for His Excellency's party. The Governor will probably return to Hongkong in six weeks. The trip is one taken purely on the grounds of His Excellency and family requiring a change. They have our heartlest wishes for a speedy and complete restoration to health; in that wish, we venture to say, no one in Hongkong will fail to join.

Hon. W. H. Marsh took over the reins of Government this afternoon, and Dr. F. Stewart took his seat as Acting Colonial tisual eaths of office, which was done in departure of the Correspon, and the talker I. I. Francis, the setting Pause Indea

issued in the afternoon:-

His Excellency Governor J. Pope Hennessy. C.M.G., having this day departed from the Colony on leave of absence, it is hereby notified that, in accordance with the provisions made in Royal Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, bearing date at Westminister, the Ninth day of April, 1877, the Government of this Colony will be administered, until further notice, by the Honourable W. H. Marsh, Colonial Secretary, who has this day been duly sworn in.-By Command, H. E. Wode-HOUSE, Clerk of Councils .- Council Chamber, Hongkong, 31st May, 1879.

consequence, having no means of warning Saigon via Quinhon, Touron, Haiphong and Hoihow, and we are glad to learn that cost something like \$50, but a thief would she has not sustained any damage by the mishap which we reported in our Thursday's issue. It may be remembered we reported her aground on the S.E. Banks, THE usual fortnightly entertainment at the | Gulf of Tonking. She was got of by shift-Temperance Hall will take place on Min. ing the cargo from aft forward. We have been favored with the following particulars with reference to the accident which may prove of some interest to shipmasters. In .. making Hoihow, Pochin Pagoda bearing E. 13 8., Jin Me S. W. 1 S., found 44 fathoms of water, the chart only shewing from 12 to 17 fathoms. The Norma was steered into 31 fathoms, Jin-Me then bearing W. 10 S. distant 6 miles. Left Hollow on the morning of the 27th and steered North for 7 miles, Jin-me bearing S.W. 3. S., and Pochin Pagoda E. by S. The course was changed to E. 23, for 28 miles, when Hainan Head bearing S. by W. W. distant 5 miles, the course was again altered to S.E. by E.J.E., to make the North l'aya Island; and after running for 8 miles the vessel glided from 10 fathoms of water on top of a sand bank not marked on Tongking Gulf Chart of 1877. Capt. Walker adds that he subsequently found No. 3chart, China Sea of 1859 more reliable than the new charts. The obsracteriatics of the land are more correctly given in the new charts, but the soundings and position of banks are not reliable, and he advises shipmasters to place no confidence in the soundings as given on the new charts when going between

> THE following is the order of service at St. John's Cathedral to-morrow, White

Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion, at 11.—Reader, The Colonial Chaplain; Preacher, The Bishop of Victoria; First Lesson, Dent 16 to verse 18; econd Lesson, Romans 8 to verse 18 Venite, No. 1 Monk; Psalms, Nos. 181 and 105 Monk; To Denm, Ous ley in D; Benedictus, 2 Mercer; Hymn. "Gracious pirit, Holy Ghost," 210; Kyrie, Mercer No. 2; Hymn, "Our blest redeemer erene preathed," 207.

Fvening Prayer and Sermon, at 5 -Reader, The Colonial Chaplain; Preacher, The Colonial Chaplain; First Lesson, Issiah XI.; Second Lesson, Gal. 5 verse 16; Psalm, 163 Monk; Magnificat, 32 Monk; Nuno Dimittis, 81 Monk; First Bymn, " Spirit of Mercy Truth and Love," 155; Second Hymn, "Abide with me," 27.

THE following telegrams, which have not been equived here, are from Indian papers: London, 5th May .- In the House of Lords, Lord Salisbury said that he believed all the Powers had accepted the proposal of the French Foreign Minister for mediation

between 'reece an ! Turkey. In the House of Commons, Sir Stafford Northcote, replying to a question, said the Government was most desirous for an early pacification in Zulu Land. Instructions and been sent to Sir Bartle Frere to abstain from a policy of annexation, while at the same time protecting the Colonies from

Mr Issac Sutt. Home Ruler, is dead. London, 5th May The Peninsular and Oriental strame. Australia, h meward bound from Calcut . has been on fire at Malta; the after-hold has been flooded, causing great damage to cargo. The fire has been extinguished.

HEDGE & Co.'s Weekly Shipping Report, Pagoda Anchorage, 24th May, 1879 :--Arrivals During the Week .- May 17, Europe, from Shaughai ; 18, Kwang Tung, rom Horgkon ; 19, Almatia, from watew; 22, Wolf, from Amoy; 23, Tah Yow, from Shang ai. Departures During the Week .- May 20,0 Kwang Tung, for Hongkong; 20, Blankenese, for Chefon; 21, Europe, for Shang-

Shipping in Port,-Forward Ho, Brae-

THE Admiralty has decided, the Singapore paper is informed, to send out the corvette Thetis to relieve the June on this station, instead of the Encounter, which has been sent to the Cape of Good Hope.

H. M.'s gunboat Fly, Commander Mos Neile, from Hongkong, anahored in Singapore Roads on the 20th inst. She relieves the Kestrel, which comes on to dongkong.

Ten Straits paper learns from a private source that His Italian Majesty's steam corvette Vittor Pis ni, Captalo His Royal Highness Prince Thomas, Duke of Genos, left Port Said for Singapore, China, and Japan, two days after the departure of the Italian mail steamer Sumatra from Port

On Saturday, the 60th anniversary of Her Secretary. The ceremony of taking the Majesty's birthday, a solemn Te-Deum was sung at the Cathedral at 6 p.m. There presence of all the members at a Special were present His Excellency the Governor. The Stamp Off or, closed at 1 p.m. today, Meeting of the Legislative Council held this eccompanied by Major Palmer, A.D.C.; the afternoon at four o'clock, occupied only a Spanish, Portuguese, Italian, French, and fow minutes. No salute was fired. The Brazilian Couples: several officers of the following "Government Notification" of the Bany My Commissary General Moore; My

gun-vessel Tejo: Messra A da Silveira, Bastos, J. H. dos Remedios, and several others. The Church was crowded. His Lordship the Bishop officiated, and the ceremony was as usual very imposing .- Catholic Register.

An American Company, under the management of Mr A. Wilson Snow, giving one of those Combination Entertainments which have of late years become so popular, has arrived here, and intends giving a series of entertainments, probably in the City Hall, before continuing its "tour round the world." These artistes left San Francisco some four months ago, and had a most successful season at Honolulu, the King of the Sandwich Islands, the Royal family, and the whole suite being present nearly every evening. This Company makes up for its limited numbers by the versatility of its members; and, bringing with them the latest American novelties in the way of "musical selections, operatic sketches, and humorous attractions, they are likely to have an artistically successful short season; we hope it will prove to them pecuniarily so as well.

Ir was a matter of notoriety before the then Acting Chief Justice, Mr Justice Snowden, went home that the course of true official harmony between him and the Governor had been running anything but smoothly. So much so was this the case that a statement of their unpleasant relations was sent Home, and Mr Justice Snowden was ruled wrong on both the points which were stated by the official account laid before the Secretary of State to have the following is the score:led to the serious misunderstanding or estrangement then existing between the Head of the Executive and the acting Head of the Judiciary. One of the points on which they had differences was the escape | Iui from Justice of Mr Huffam, the other was the pardoning of a man, (convicted of the Shek-O murder), on the ground that he had not been defended by a solicitor as well | Sx as a barrister. Mr Justice Snewden remonstrated against the order to apologize, and sent home an account of the circumstances; he left for England not long ago, P as our readers are aware, and will just about have reached England by this time; so that he has not had time to lay his case personally before the Secretary of State. We now learn that a despatch has been received by the mail just to hand, in which the Secretary of State gives his decision that Mr Justice Snowden must apologize to the Governor for his action in the matter, Li Ayun, Chinese usher at the Police and that Her Majesty's Secretary of State was surprised to learn that he had not already for police constable White, and was going done so. This decision is certainly surprising torus, and will be equally surprising to those amiability and invariable gentlemanly and courteous bearing of our absent Puisne Judge.

M. DE GREEF, who has been on a visit to Batavia, had to leave Singapore for Europe the morning after he arrived by the M. M. steamer Emirne, and was therefore unable to give an entertainment he had promised in the Town Hall illustrating the uses of the phonograph, whereat the Singapore people were greatly disappointed. Hong kong has seen nothing of the kind yet, and i would have been an interesting and amusing scientific exhibition. If bottled-up sounds are to be reproduced by simply turning orank handle, social usages, and Court and newspaper work will undergo a complete

A NEW contract has just been signed between the Pacific Mail and Panama Railroad Companies, which is said to be highly favourable to the Pacific Mail Company. The Pacific | country, and I refused to go immediately, Mail stockholders declare that the business of their company has for a long time past been paying the dividends of the Panama Railroad Company, and they propose now to share the profits. The following from New | have to go, and look after my country York, April 17, gives the full particulars:--

The amended contract between the Pacific

Mail Steamship Company and the Panama Railroad Company has finally been signed by the officers for each company. The reduction on the freight contract obtained by the Pacific Mail Company is \$10,000 per month, payment being fixed at \$60,000 instead of \$70,000, as formerly. It is further reported that the indebteauess of the Pacific Mail Company to the Panama Railroad Company has very recently been reduced \$125,000, and it now amounts in total to \$2,035,000. Payments to be made on this account amount to \$25,000 monthly as a reduction of the principal, together with monthly interest. The receipts of the Pacitic Mail Company amount to about \$200,000 per month, and the expense to about \$75,000. Payments are to be made to the Panama Company as follows :- San Francisco freights. \$60,000; South American freights, \$15,000; interest, \$9,000. Payments on principal of indebtedness to the Panama Bailroad Com-\$25,000; leaving about \$16,000 monthly surplus, and a monthly reduction of \$25,000 of principal of indebtedness.

THE Japan Herald says that in consequence of the negotiations about treaty revision. which are shortly to take place in Japan, the necessity of obeying orders. the departure of hir Hairy Farkes for home has been postponed, H.E. Wooyene has been telegraphed to return from London to" discharged him. without delay, the departure of H.E. Koshida for the United States has been put tff, and the German Minater is expected to arrive, invested with full powers of Inspector Swanston, as suspicious charnegotiation.

THE only new English telegram of any will meet on the, sin installs, at the units The Inspector not information of what was

Commander Guimaraes of the Portuguese Lof Monza, near Milan. After a walk in the going on, entered the shed, and found a table | talian Majesties intended to visit Baveno, but there is no palace or villa there capable of accommodating the united parties and next. attendants. Queen Victoria, while expressing the pleasure she would derive from a visit from the King and Queen, intimated her desire to save them from inconvenience by going to meet them at Monza. Que n Victoria's visit to Italy will terminate on the 23rd. She will arrive at Paris on the 24th, Cherbourg on the 25th, and in Engand on the 26th. The statement that the Pope wrote to the Queen, welcoming her to Italy, is declared unfounded.

May 25th :-		European.	Chinese	
Monday, May	19th,	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	349	
Tuesday,	20th,		276	
Wednesday,	21at,	<b>1</b>	277	
Thursday,	22ud,	64	224	
Friday,	23rd,	74	<b>263</b>	
Saturday,	24 h.		207	
Sunday,	2ŏth,		Suaday	
Totals,		4:0	1,716	
Grand total,	Z, 136.		• •	

RIFLE MATCH.

A shooting match come off at Kowloon yesterday afternoon between the Police and the Staff. Owing to the Staff having so few to pick from, they only mustered four Police. Sergeant Toomey made the highest possible score at 200 yards, scoring 7 bulls-400 and 600 yards; any position. The Mi litary were again beaten losing by 45 points;

POLICE.

~~	Witne			
	200 yde.	400 yds.	600 yde \	Total.
t. Toomey	2).	2ò	ĺΰ	ს9
Quincer	24	25	18	67
Grant	22	22	18	57
spr. Cameron	_ •	20	11	54
Þ			. Tota	1 247
<b>M</b> I	LIT BY	STAFF.		
tMijor Anu	an 25	20	16	61
t. Re.d	21	20	16	57
, Boyd	23	21	10	64
Mackintos		12	Ŏ.	80
· ·			Total	202

The 27th Regiment and the Police had a return match this afternoon.

> Police Intelligence. (Before C. V. Creagh, Esq.) Saturday May 31.

ASSAULTING AN USHER. Robert Mann, police constable No. 26, was charged on a summons with assaulting

Complainant stated that he was looking up-stairs, when defendant came behind him, and shoved him with his staff Complainant enquired the cause and defendant who have no long known and admired the then spat in his face. Complain nt threatened to report him, and he then repeated the offence.

Defoudant denied the charge. Complainant, he said, was going very slowly up the stairs, and he shoved him out of the way. He did not spit at him. ... Fil eu \$2.50; in default three days' im-

CONCUBINAGE IN CHINA. Wong Yan Him, Master of the Po Shang Hong, Bouham trand, appeared on a summons f rassaulting one Ma Chai Ho, h: concubine. The case is interesting as bearing upon the question of the traffic in women which has occupied the attention of the Coucis and the public to a considerable

Ma Char Ho, the complainant, stated: am concubine to the defendant. I have gived with him for three years. He b ught me from a brothel. His wife came from Hung Shan on the 27th instant; she had been hving with as before, but went went away. On the 29th instant the defendant told me to go to his house in the as I wanted to wash my head, and do other business. He then beat me with his fist. and also with his hand.

Defendant stated: My wife arrived on the 27th instant, and the day previous to her arrival, i told the defendant she would house. On 28th instant she went away with her clothes and some money I had given her to take home. I thought she had run away, and went to look for her, and found her in a house in bayingpoon. I then took her home, but she refused to enter my house, and made a great noise

in the street. 1 did not beat her. Mr Creagh ordered defendant to en into his personal recognization in \$100 to keep the peace for twelve months.

disobeying orders.

Chan Wa 11, a servant at the Temperance Hall, was charger with disobedience of orders in allowing strangers in the corvent's quarters as the trail. The defendant, who is head boy at the Hall, and has been employed there for the last eighteen months, had stringent orders not to allow any strangers on the premises. He knew that the reason of this ofder being given was that some of the Hall property had gone amissing, notwithstanding this, he scoretly admitted two men into the house morning.

The manager of the Hall said he did not wish to punish the defendant, as he was a good servant, and it was his first offence he would however feel obliged if His Worship would impress upon the defendant His Worship having cautioned the defen-

dant, and given him a sound "talking-

BRAZEM-FACED GAMBLERS. Li A-i and four others were charged by acters, dangerous to the peace and good

order of the Colony. It appears that a shalahed had been morrent to hand tie America is one dailed aregted at the ross of the Government "Boung April 16th, to this effect !- Queen Michool on Crown land, at Show-ki-wan, Victoria and the King and Queen il teely, and public gambling was carried on there.

park and lunch, the royal party will return spread with all the implements necessary to Baveno and Rome respectively. Their for gambling. The defendants were arr sted on suspicion.

THE COMMISSION ON SUPREME COURT MATTERS.

REPORT BY THE COMMISSIONERS

several departments of the Supreme Court, | the face of the books, be readily ascertained. particularly as to the duties and responsibilities of the Registrar of the Supreme sion over or check upon the disposition of the Court, the Deputy Registrar, the Sheriff, moneys in Mr Sangster's oustudy. During the Bailiffs and the Officers and Servants in the time Mr Sangster has had the managethese several departments, also of the Official | ment of the Summary division of the court, ments whose duty it is to collect, receive, or never been checked or audited by any other dispose of moneys, securities for money, or person. property, in virtue of their respective offices.

Circumstances having intervened to prevent an earlier meeting, the Commissioners on the 6th of January, 1879.

The Government having employed Mr Arnold as a proficient Accountant to examine into certain accounts kept in the cracks to meet an equal number of the engaged, and other books of account relative | derable revenue to the Colony, and that eyes in succession. The ranges were 200, are of opinion that the books kept in the the revenue of the Colony. sufficiency of detail; they also exhibited of the Government, declined to listen to the other defects which, by a proper system, proposal of Sir John Smale and himself recould be easily rectified.

> importance, as it afforded foundation for salary of the Sheriff as a make-weight to the minute examination by the Commis- officers suffering a diminution of salary upon sioners of the Officers of the Court. Mr Arnold having examined and corrected the books, thought it advisable to close the accounts to the 31st December in the old guaranteed their efficiency as Sheriff. That books, and to open fresh books dated from the appointment of Sheriff should be prothe 1st January, 1879, under a more perfect | miscuously given to any person requiring system, which renders these books a great | "make-weight" without regard to his caimprovement on those previously kept.

elicited that the cash accounts in 81 estates in bankruptcy under Mr Huffam's charge had been balanced, and that, in many instances, balances to the credit of the differestates there had been overcharges of com-Mr Huffam's predecessor an overcharge of evident to require comment. upwards of \$1,000 having been made, and that in a certain estate Mr Huffam had received.

errors, but to these particular attention is arising out of the present system are severe not drawn, as they are treated of in detail in the evidence of Mr Arnold and are set forth in the annexed accounts.

Mr Arnold stated that in the ordinar bankruptoies he found the papers in a very confused state, so much so that it was almost impossible to make anything of them. and, as a rule, there were no accounts filed

with the papers of each bankruptcy estate. The Commissioners would also point out that it appears, from the evidence of Mr Arnold, to have been the practice for the Registrar for the time being to appropriate to his own use the interest paid by the Banks on money under the charge of the Registrar in current account.

This interest does not appear in any way to have passed through the books of the Supreme Court. The present Registrar has followed the rule in this respect adopted by

his predecessors in office. Not only have there been great irregularities with regard to moneys, much unnecessary delay has also taken place in the settlement of estates. In some instances estates that should have been wound up some ten years ago remain at the present time unsettled. It is very clear that there has been no check whatever upon any Officer, but a most lax practice has existed for years past in the Supreme Court with regard to the accounts and the general conduct of business. When the-Honourable C. B. Plunket undertook the duties of the Registrarship, the state of that office was anything but satisfactory, and unless assistance be supplied to him, particularly with regard to accounts, the Commissioners are unable to say for how long the same undesirable state may not continue. Mr Plunket informed the Commissioners that he did not think it was the proper work of a Registrar to keep any books himself, he as the head of the office had sufficient in the direction of affairs to occupy him. In this opinion the Commissioners are disposed to suggestions: (1), as to the advisability of agree with him, and they think it extremely | the payment of all fees by stamps; (2), as desirable that a Registrar, for the purpose to the employment of a competent Court of supervision, should have a knowledge of book-keeping, although they are of opinion | the Officers of the Court; (4), with regard to that the books should be under the imme- | the working of Estates in Bankruptey; (5), diate charge of a professional Accountant, with regard to Administration; and, (6), The Registrar's duties, without any addition with regard to Probates. The suggestions in the shape of Accountant's work, are very | made by the Commissioners on these heads. numerous and responsible, and entail, if with regard to the great loss of revenue thoroughly carried out, a great amount of austained by the Government, through the energy and labour. The duties of the want of care and the insufficiency of the Hegistrar and the Accountant being performed by separate individuals will afford a these matters by the Officer under whose

much needed check. It appears to the Commissioners that the concurred in by Mr Toller. accounts which should be filed by every executor obtaining probate from the Supreme | May and the Honourable George Phillippo Court, and by administrators obtaining letters of administration, have received very slight notice; and there has seldom, if ever, been that searching examination into the value of the estate of deceased persons which is desirable. Without some such check, it is impossible to ascertain whether or not a sufficient amount of duty has been paid upon

the value of the particular estate. The estate of Lyall Still & Co., was not, it appears, under the control of the Registrar of the Supreme Court, and even had he possessed any power to supervise Mr Huffam, the Official Assignee of the estate referred to, it is doubtful whether, under the lax system then existing in the Court, the same unsatisfactory outturn of the estate would not have occurred, for it is evident that Mr Huffam was left entirely to himself to do with all moneys which came to his hands as he pleased, such a system as the audit of accounts in the Supreme Court not having then been known.

The Commissioners did not call the Acting Duputy Registres before them, because he had been so recently appointed.

The Commissioners then proceeded to examine Mr Sangater, the Clerk of the Court, who was appointed in April, 1874. He had acted in that capacity previously from time The case was remanded till Tuesday to time, and also acted on one or two occasions as Deputy Registrar. This officer is also at the present time Sheriff of this Colony. He has under his direct charge all matters in connection with the Summary Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, and has the care and control of the books and records of that division. -It appears that he performs his duties without the supervision of The Commissioners have, in the course of any superior officer. He produced his books their duties, endeavoured to confine them- before the Commissioners, which appeared selves within the limit of the powers given to have been neatly and accurately kept, under the Commission issued to them by but they did not give that full amount of your Excellency, and in doing so have had information which might be considered in view to lay before you a full statement of necessary, inasmuch as many important the state of affairs at present existing in the details were wanting, which could not, on

There did not appear to be any supervi-Assignee, the Official Administrator, the he has himself audited and checked the Official Liquidator and of the Official Trus- accounts of money received and paid in tee, and such other persons holding appoint- that department, and these accounts have

The Honourable Francis Snowden, Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court of Hongkong, gave much valuable information and some met, for the commencement of their duties, suggestions, agreeing in many instances with the views of the Commissioners, especially with regard to auditing of the accounts.

Mr Snowden remarked that he did not see why the Court should undertake bankrupt-Supreme Court, the Commissioners consider- cies if the oreditors were so indifferent that ed it desirable to examine him in the first | they would not come forward and facilitate instance. He produced before the Commis- | the realisation of the estate. It was resioners the books on which he had been marked that these estates brought a consito matters appertaining to the Court. From | their administration was the proper work of the oral examination of Mr Arnold, and an an Official Assignee. The undertaking of these inspection of the books, the Commissioners | estates is most clearly to the advantage of

Registrar's Office before Mr Arnold's ap- | Mr Snowden informed the Commissioners pointment were wanting in neatness and that Mr Austin, when he was Administrator garding the Sheriff, and Mr Austin had The evidence given by Mr Arnold was of stated that he required the appointment and transfer to other offices.

Towards the officers this was certainly considerate, but the system by no means pabilities or knowledge of so important an From Mr Arnold's examination it was office seems certainly disadvantageous to the

The Commissioners are of opinion that the Sheriff should have an office in the Supreme Court and fixed hours of attendance during ent estates had disappeared; that in several | which he may be found there. The inconvenience and damage arising to litigants in mission, in one estate under the charge of | consequence of the Sheriff's absence are too

The duties of the Sheriff would be considerably increased if all distresses for rent charged commission on money he had not were made by him, and the Commissioners consider that in the interests of the public There are numerous instances of over- it is advisable that distraints should be charges of commission and other serious levied by the Sheriff alone. The abuses The Commissioners, therefore, most strongly recommend that means be taken to frame

the laws in accordance with these views. The fees arising from this particular item would be considerable, and should go far towards payment to the Sheriff of any additional salary that might be required.

Mr W. H. Mossop, who is Clerk to the Chief Justice and the Appraiser of the Supreme Court, was examined, more especially with regard to matters connected with his duties as Appraiser. The information which he supplied to the Commission was precise although not extending over a very long period, and his books and papers, which he produced, were satisfactorily kept.

The Commissioners having communicated with His Honour the Chief Justice, Sir John Smale, he expressed himself willing to give his views upon the matter before the Commissioners. He pointed out to the Commissioners many requirements with regard to the checking and auditing of accounts, and gave much valuable information, which has assisted them materially in coming to their present conclusions. Through the courtesv of the Chief Justice, the Commissioners were enabled to peruse a number of long and valuable letters, written by himself to the Colonial Government, upon many important subjects connected with the Supreme Court, more especially with regard to the auditing and checking of accounts. The letters referred to are to be found in the Appendix, pp. 74 to 78, and the Commissioners consider that they should be perused in conjunction with this report,

The Commissioners, thinking it desirable that a Solicitor of experience and who had practised here for a considerable period should be examined, requested the attendance of Mr W. W. Toller, Solicitor, of the firm of Sharp, Toller & Johnson, and submitted for his consideration various Accountant: (3), as to the reorganisation of labour and attention brought to bear upon especial charge they should be, were fully

Commissioners the Honotirable Charles were unfortunately, through ill-health, unable to be present at the closing of this Commission, although during the greater part of the investigation they were present and expressed themselves in accordance with the report now submitted to your Excellency.

The subscribing Commissioners have greatly to regret that circumstances deprived them of the assistance of these valuable public officers before their labours were brought to a close.

... With regard to the subject matter of this enquiry, the Commissioners beg to recommend the following suggestions for the consideration of His Excellency the Governor:

1st. It is apparent to the Commissioners, that the thorough reorganisation of the Officers of the Supreme Court is necessary, that the Rules and Orders authorised by Ordinance 18 of 1878 should be framed, that a scale of costs and fees should be drawn up, that each Officer should be bound to find security in a sufficient sum and that the value of such security should be annually secortained, they the duty of every

officer should be clearly defined to him, and that until this is done there can be no hope of a satisfactory solution of the present difficulties and inconvenience arising from the want in the Supreme Court of a perfect system.

2nd. The Commissioners recommend a slight addition to the present staff, and they are of opinion that their recommendation, if thoroughly carried out, will add very considerably to the revenue to be collected from the various branches of the Court. It is considered that the Registrar's duties, at present are greater, if thoroughly performed, than it is competent for any one person to perform, as in addition to duties attendant upon proceedings in the various Jurisdictions of the Supreme Court, he has all the important accounts of the Court to make up and numerous Administrations and Bankrupt Estates to attend to without any assistance what-

3rd. The Commissioners recommend that a competent Accountant with a knowledge of mercantile affairs should be appointed, who should take upon himself the keeping of all the accounts of the Supreme Court, and thus relieve the Registrar and allow him time for the general supervision of the Officers of the Supreme Court, including its Summary

Jurisdiction.

4th. The Accountant should likewise, under the supervision of the Registrar, have the management of all Probate and Administration accounts; it should be his duty to ascertain that sufficient duty is paid, and that the value of each particular estate is correctly stated. It is evident that the rules as to the accounts necessary to be rendered in these matters by the Administrator or Executor have, up to the present time, been very loosely enforced, and the Commissioners are inclined to think that considerable less to the revenue has been sustained in consequence. It may be pointed out that there being no such check as is instigated, with regard to such estates, in Somerset House in London, it is requisite that such duties should be allotted to this Officer, whose duty it should be to ascertain the truthfullness and accuracy of all such returns or accounts.

5th. The Commissioners consider that the management of allestates coming into the hands of the Official Trustee and Official Administrator and all accounts appertaining thereto should under the supervision of those Officers, be conducted by the Accountant. It was apparent to the Commissioners, that there was a great want of care in the management and control of these matters, in many instances involving loss to the parties interested. It is evident that the Accountant's duties would be very considerable, and would necessitate his entire attention and attendance at his office, from eleven A.M. to three P.M. each day. The Commissioners strongly urge that in no instance should he be desired to perform any duties which would necessitate his absence during that period, so that he might have ample time before eleven and after three o'clock to make inquiries and investigations on matters appertaining to his duties which might call for his attention elsewhere. The duties of the Accountant requiring quietude, the Commissioners recommend that a separate office should, if possible, be provided for him in the Court House or its precincts.

6th. It is further recommended that a competent Chinese Shroff should be appointed, and that all matters of account, including the receipt and payment of money, should be conducted solely by the Accountant's department. That no moneys should either be received into the Supreme Court or paid out without a voucher or receipt for every such payment. That for every such payment out of Court, the signatures of the Accountant and Chinese shroff for any sum less than \$100 should be necessary to any such voucher. and that for every payment exceeding \$100 the signatures of the Registrar and Accountant should be necessary before any such payment. That each voucher should have a counterfoil and be numbered consecutively. That vouchers for the payment of money out of Court should be printed in red, and vouchers for the payment of money into Court in the ordinary black ink. That each voucher should be filed in the Supreme Court, which would form a ready check when con pared with the books. That payment of sums to the amount of \$100 into the Supreme Court should be made to the Shroff, who should be accountable for the same, and that sums over that amount should be paid into one of the local banks to the credit of the Supreme Court. The Commissioners consider that interest on amounts standing in the bank books to the credit of the Supreme Court on current account should be appropriated to the general revenue of the Colony, and that provision should be made for the payment of such interest from time to time into the Treasury.

opinion, that with regard to Bankand orders relating to the said Act, parly date. which may be found in page 1251, Vol. and submit that, in the absence of any rules under Ordinance 5 of 1864, the rules under the English Act before referred to should be deemed the existing rules under the Ordinance, as sec. 7 of that Ordinance provides that if any: case should arise which should not have been provided for by any orders made by the Chief Justice of Hongkong, he might, in his discretion, apply to such force in England. Up to the present time most of these rules have, in fact, been acted upon, and until a period shortly before the appointment of the to take as his remnneration the fees payable according to the schedule in sencelved ideas of the "outer barbarian"

7th. The Commissioners are likewise of

force under the rules of the English Court of Bankruptoy, but at the present time a fixed salary in lieu of fees is paid to the Official Assignee and these fees are now paid to the Treasury of this Colony.

8th. The Commissioners consider it advisable that two competent Officers should be appointed, to be termed Deputy Registrars of the Supreme Court, whose duties more particularly should be attending in the Courts, and performing the duties heretofore performed by the Registrar and the Deputy Registrar, which would give the Registrar, being relieved of these duties, time and onportunities to attend to other matters, which, up to the present time, appear to have been very much neglected. The duties of these Officers should be defined and directed by the Registrar. They would keep the records of suits and all other books, not being account books, and assist generally in the copying and other official duties.

9th. The Commissioners having ascertained that the Appraiser of Intestate Estates has no fixed salary, but receives remuneration by commission, are of opinion that he should have a stated salary and no commission, as they are strongly of opinion that no Officer of the Supreme Court should be remunerated in any other way than by the former mode. Neither should he be permitted to accept any remuneration or fees whatever, certainly not for work done during office hours. The Commissioners see no objection to the offices of Appraiser and Sheriff being held by subordinate Officers of the Supreme Court, provided they are paid by salary.

10th. The Commissioners are of opinion that there should be three or more Messengers or Ushers of the Supreme Court, whose duty it should be to serve all processes and take possession of bankrupt estates, and perform all other ordinary and necessary duties which may be directed by the Registrar.

1th. The Commissioners consider the present system of levying distraints for rent adopted in this Colony is greatly to be deprecated, as it works considerable injustice and hardship upon those classes who are least able to resent it. and they fully coincide with the valuaable suggestion given them by Mr Justice Snowden, that all such distraints should be made by an Officer of the Supreme Court. They would suggest that attention be called to this with the object of obtaining the necessary legislation for carrying this surgestion into effect. The costs and expenses of such distraint should be paid by a commission upon the amount levied, which would be a considerable convenience to the public, and would involve no loss or additional expense to the revenue, as the messengers whose engagement has been suggested might be utilised on such occasion. 12th. The Commissioners consider it ad-

visable that all payments of fees to the Court should, in future, be made by stamps, and Mr Lister, Collector of Stamp Revenue, having attended the Commission, the recommendation was submitted to him, and he viewed it with approbation and considered there would be no difficulty in regard to the Stamp Office. For the purpose of the payment of fees, the use of adhesive stamps should be permitted, and in the ease of any process being required after the closing hour of the Stamp Office. such process should issue upon deposit of money to the extent of the fee with the officer issuing the process, whose duty should be to procure the necessary stamp at the earliest opportunity.

13th. The Commissioners consider it most essential that an audit by the Auditor General, and not by any subordinate Officer, should be made monthly of all account books kept in the Supreme Court, and that the Auditor for this purpose should have the aid and assistance of the Registrar in carrying his duties into effect. They think it right to observe that His Honour the Chief Justice has, in the correspondence which has been hereinbefore referred to, expressed a very strong opinion which supports the view taken by the Commissioners on this head.

T. JACKSON Hongkong, 19th May, 1879.

China.

We learn, on excellent authority, that the river-barrier officials have been carrying matters with a high hand against the Sharp l'eak fishermen, while en route to Foochow with their hard-earned hauls, Formerly it was, we understand, the practice of the fishermen to provide these rapacious understrappers with sufficient stock to meet their personal requirements : but now they are said to be putting on the screw with a vengeance, and the consequence is that many of the fishermen are

seeking fresh fields and pastures new. A very solemn festival is just now, we ruptoies, a most imperieos system has, understand, engaging the attention of our up to the present, been adopted in Bhuddhist friends at Kushan. The chiecs realising and winding up the estates, of all this devotional ardour is, we hear, to They have ascertained that the few obtain the divine blessing on the coming rules framed under the provisions of grain crops. And a very good object too.

the Bankruptcy Ordinance, 1864, are | We may fairly congratulate Messre. imperiect. The Commissioners would Jardine Matheson & Co on the possession point out that by the Bankruptcy Act, of the fluest steam-launch in the port. 1881, in force in England at the time This new launch was, we understand, built of the passing in Hongkong of the by Messrs. Inglis & Co. of Hongkong. Bankruptoy Ordinance, 1884, Official she was towed from Hongkong by the Si Assignees under this Act were required S. Kwing Tung, and, after the temoval of to give security in £6,000 each. The her temporary bulwarks &c. will, we hear, Commissioners beg to refer to the rules | be ready for her destined river work at an

We hear that some cargo in the fore-hold II, Griffith and Holmes on Bankruptoy, of the S. S. Kwang I to y caught fire shortly after leaving Amoy on the last trip. The supposition is that the fire originated in the overheating of a quantity of old rags taken on board at Amoy. Captain Hunter lost no time in setting his steam pumps to work and, we understand, succeeded in extinguishing the flumes before any great amount of mischief was accomplished.

There now seems to be every probability case any of the general orders then in | of a late, or rather comparatively late opening of the Tea Market. Shippers have, for once, combined (in a partial sort of way. it must be confessed) to repress their sagacious individuality, and to experiment-Honourable C. B. Plunket as Registrar alise in unity. Amongst "the heathen" the of the Supreme Court, the Official system of tradel combination has hitherto Assignee was allowed under these rules | worked extremely well, but it remains to be seen how for it will fell in with the pre-

## Portfolio.

THE SEQUEL TO "THE VILLAGE BLACKSMITH'S CHESTNUT TREE. By HENRY W. LONGFELLOW.

Am I a king, that I should call my own This splendid abon throne? Or by what reason, or what right divine, Can I proclaim it mine?

Only, perhaps, by right divine of song It may to me belong; Only because the spreading chestnut-tree Of old was sung by me.

Well I remember it in all its prime, When in the summer-time The affluent foliage of its branches made A cavern of cool shade.

Its blossoms white and sweet Enticed the bees, until it seemed alive, And murmured like a hive.

Tossed its great arms about. Dropped to the ground beneath.

And now some fragments of its branches bare, Shaped as a stately chair,

Have by my hearthstone found a home at last, And whisper of the Past. The Danish king could not in all his pride Repel the occean tide.

But seated in this chair, I can in rhyme Roll back the tide of Time. I see again, as one in vision sees, The blossoms and the bees. And hear the children's voices shout and cal

And the brown chestnuts fall. I see the smithy with its fires aglow; I hear the bellows blow.

And the shrill hammers on the anvil beat The iron white with heat!

And thus, dear children, have ye made for me This day a jubilee, Brought back my youth again.

The heart hath itsown memory, like the mind, And in it are enshrined The precious keepsakes, into which are The givers' loving thought.

Give life to this dead wood. And make these branches leafless now so long, be induced to pay proper respect to the thinking man is set up a drinking man, an but there is an oriental harmony in the Blessom again in song.

\* This poem was addressed to the children of Cambridge, who presented to the Poet on his seventy-second birthday, an arm-chair made from the wood of the Village Blacksmith's chestnut-

THE CHILDREN. The children! ah the children! Your innoccent, joyous ones; Your daughters, with souls of sunshine; Your buoyant and laughing sons.

Lock long at their happy faces, Drink love from their sparking eyes. For the wonderful charm of childhood How soon it withers and dies.

A few fast vanishing summers, -A-season or twain of frost. And you suddenly ask, bewildered, "What is it my heart hath lost?"

Perchance you see by the hearth-stone Some Juno, stately and proud, Or a Hebe whose softly ambushed eyes Flash out from the golden cloud

Of lavish and beautiful tresses That, wantonly floating, stray O'er the white of a throat and bosom More fair than blossoms in May.

And perchance you mark their brothers-Young heroes who spurn the sod With the fervour of antique knighthood, And the air of a Grecian god.

But where, ah! where are the children, Your household fairies of vore? Alack! they are dead, and their grace has fled For ever and evermore. -Paul Hayne,

ADVICE TO MAKRIED PROPLE. Never both be angry at once. Never taunt with a past mistake. Let a kiss be the prelude of a retuke. Never allow a request to be repeated. Lat self-abnegation be the habit of both. \*\* I forget " is never an acceptable excuse. A good wife is the greatest of earthly

If you must criticise, let it be done Make marriage a matter of moral judg-

Marry in a family which you have long

Never make a remark at the expense of Another. Never talk at one another, either s home or in company.

Neglect the whole world beside, rather than one another. Give your warmest sympathies for each

other's trials. If one is angry, let the other part the lips, only for a kiss, Never speak loud to one another, unless

the house is on fire. List each strive to yield oftenest to the Wishes of the other. Always leave home with loving words,

for they may be the last. Mover deceive, for the heart once misled can never trust wholly again,

Mover and fault unless it is perfectly certain a fault has been committed. - it is the mother who moulds the charac-

ter and fixe the destiny of the child. Do not I erald the sacrifices you make to each other s taste, halit or preferences. A besitating or grim yielding to the wither of the other always grates upon a

loving heart. Compute one another in all that comes within the experience, observation, or aphere of the other.

Those who marry for physical characte--ristles of external considerations will fail of happiness.

was done with a good monive and with the best 12dement at the time. They who marry for traits of mind and

pt domestie enjoyment. The beautiful at heart is a million times M more avail, as securing demostic harplaces, then the beautiful in person,

A VISIT TO KING CETEWAYO. About eighteen months ago a native of | While printing continues typographical

Natal in the employment of Bishop Colenso | errors must, of necessity, occur. Several made a visit to some friends in Zoluland volumes, made up entirely of umusing misand called upon King Cefewayo. The man takes of printers, have from time to time wrote in the Zulu I nguage, an account of appeared, and we are informed that a bookhis journey; and an English translation of maker is engaged upon the preparation of a the same, forwarded to London by the fresh collection of blunders of type. Let Bishop of Natal, was soon afterwards publus hope that the forthcoming book, when it lished in Macmillan's Magazi c. The King, does appear, will possess at least the minor on being interviewed, showed himself very merit of originality. Entirely too many airious to discredic the stories or culated specimens of printers' errors have done duty as to his ill-treatment of missioneries and over and over again until they have been converts. But he could not deny that both | worn thread-bare; have grown stale, flat, missionaries and converts had been put to unprofitable. The main object of gathering, d ath in Zululand; and he was of opinion in permanent form, errors in type-setting is that the missionaries, as a body, "had to create a laugh. If the general public has better goaway and not come back any more." | an aversion to one thing more than another. The visitor, Magema by name, agreed- the particularly hated one is a stale joke. Christian as he was-with Cetewayo, that The dire fate awaiting a volume consisting "they had better not come back, since they | entirely, or in part, of ancient jokes may be There by the blacksmith's forge, beside the | bad made a fool of the King; for he had | imagined. given them bread out of kindness without their paying anything for it, and they had diverting in the mechanical errors of a gone away without saying good-bye.

admitted that at one place, where some accountant, the slips of the tongues of law-And when the winds of autumn, with a shout, people had chanced to get hold of some yers, clergymen, orators. A royal octave mea. of a diseased ox and had died from | could be made of the wrong words acciden-The shining chestnuts, bursting from the eating it, the survivors had killed a convert tally used by the most eminent members of who, it was alleged, had handled the meat. | the learned professions. No one would But the King declined to be held responsi- laugh at them; few would care to read them. ble for the man's fate. The matter, he Why the wrong word uttered is not as funny said, had only been reported to him as the wrong word set up in type is one of after the convert had been killed. "I was those mysteries that no one has as yet atstartled," he said, "when I heard it, and tempted to solve. Hundreds of intelligent blamed the people very much for killing | readers smiled when, a few years ago, they a man without my orders. But they read in a daily newspaper that the proceedanswered me positively that he did that lings of a large temperance convention were I said that they ought to have brought him bound to me, that I might hear the charge | "harmoniously." Had a speaker at that against him. But the convert did, no meeting, in the fervor of eloquence, dedoubt, a very bad deed." The King told clared that cold-water drinking leads to an anecdote of another convert who had perdition, there would not have been a been killed without orders, and who, his smile. Pity might have been expressed for M. jesty said, had done "the sort of thig | the speaker; his absent-mindedness lauded converts do." He had taken o t of the as an evidence of entire absorption in his Royal harem a girl whom the King had subject. No one dreams of defending, much intended for another man; and the con- less of finding an excuse for, the compositor. vert's former co-religionaries were so indig. He has before him, in too many instances. naut at this that they killed him and "ate | illegible copy; has to follow the meaning of up his cattle." More than once Cete- a headless writer, who has lucid ideas on all wayo, while maintaining that he had treated subjects except the proper construction of the missionaries exceedingly well, showed sentences and the formation of letters. On that he had no sort of regard for them: newspaper work, more particularly in the And to my more than threescore years and ten | They wanted, he said, that all his people offices of the dailies, the printer is compelled should be converted, together with all his to work in a ceaseless hurry, his "takes" soldiers. But he "had them there;" and inot infrequently so short as not to afford he told them that they had better go and him the glimmering of an idea as to what make converts of the soldiers of their own the subject in hand is about. He cannot people, after which it would be less untair make sense of illegibly written words from to try and convert the Zuius generally. the context, because he has none within Again and again Cerewayo declared that he reach. There is no time to ask for assistwould rather have nothing to do with since or instruction; he must rush the copy authorities.

Next to the missionaries King Cetewayo with laughter. continued Magema, "that you are wiser than the coming of the author who will, in an serve the same end. Yonder huge knife in other men; I thought, also, that as wisdom untechnical way, tell the reading public its case of gold is one of the owner's methe King will not come clearly into the paper at the breakfast-table, and reflect that cessities, of his maturer age. These two His father had killed them wherever he proofs-then the fair-minded reader will could find them. But now a new race of marvel that he can find so few mistakes. wizards had sprung up. Neverth less the and perhaps laugh less heartily over the sickness from which his people were suf. next new collection of printers' errors .fering might be traced to the potions Printers' Circular. brought to them from among the white folk in Natal.

Ce ewayo's visitor found bim very attentive to business, especially in connection with judicial proceedings. He was unwilling to "hear with one ear only." one man informed against an ther, he summoned him who had been informed against. and investigat d "the case thoroughly. "During all the time I stayed in Zululand," said Magema, "I saw Cetewayo setting in his seas judging the causes of his people; and his judgment was excellent

an a satisfactory." In the course of his travels Magema passed through a sacred grove reserved for the interment of the Zula kings and princes. No wood from these groves is ever used as fuel; for the Zulus hold, with a certain amount of truth, that in burning wood sprung from the soil in which their kings he bu ied they would be burning the transformed substance of the kings themselves. Once upon a time wood was said to have been chopped from a grove in which the remains i a chief named Lembede had been laid upon which Lembede showed Limself in the form of a snake, and was very angry, and went to the krasl which had chopped the wood, until a number of cattle were turned out and eaten to make atonement; after

which the anake returned to his grove. King Colewayo is described as a black "head-ringed" man, resembling his father, the late King Pana, and firm in flesh. He is "large, but his body is firm, not flabby, like the bodies of other large men among the Zulus. His face does not look so well as it did formerly," which is not astonishing, seventeen years. His Majesty was attired in a sported blanket, which he wore with a certain grace. In Zululand the Kingh a cert in times of abstingace, and the people. too, in a like manner, the chief time of abstinence is that of the new moon Another is on a day when hail falls or when a fresh wind blows, or when lightning strikes anything, or when a neighbout dies. on which day they neither work nor leave the kreal. Magema talked very little to Cetewayo on political subjects. He complained, however, that the white men were always "talking, talking, talking," and that they wanted to come down with might upon him." He was sure, meanwhile, that he had done them no wrong "And as I have done no wrong," he added. " I shall not run away, though I know that through that the ruin of this land will come."-P. M. Budget.

An erring husband, who had exhausted all explanations for late hours, and had no Mayer refl, ton the past action which apology ready, recently slipped in to the house about I o'clock, yery softly, dentided himself gently, and began rocking the cradle by the bedside, as, if he had bueff livery will soldom fail of perennial springs awakened out of a sound aleap by infantile cries. He had rocked away for five minutes, when Mary Jane, who had, slightly observe ed the whole mancouver, said, "Come to hed, you look the beby sin't there.

INVENTION.

What there should be so particularly

printer is not easily understood. No one Descending to details, King Cetewayo thinks of laughing at the mistakes of an "parsimoniously" conducted instead Only your love and your remembrance could | missionaries. He allowed, however, that | into type, the quicker-the better. If under they would be just tolerable if they could such circumstances a mistake is made, it a yellows predominate in the decorations

TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS.

HISTORICAL FIBS. before the Yale Alumni Association in which | shame a knocker." Rogers was a very he "exploded" a number of popular his- | early friend of Disraeli, perhaps his earliest. torical tales. The famous saying attributed It was he who took the boy to be baptized, to Louis XIV. of France, L'état c'est moi, at St. Andrew's, Holborn, and, in thus according to Professor Wheeler, was never | giving him his start in Protestant Christuttered by Louis at all, but was said by ianity, gave him also his start in English Mazarin twenty years before Louis came to political life. There are other sketches, the throne, and said before Mazarin by more amateurish still, of which the master Queen Elizabeth. Sappho never killed her- of the house is the subject as he appeared self by jumping from a rock, but died a when receiving an honorary degree at a natural death. Leonidas fought at Ther- Scotch university. The lady who drew mopyles, not with only 300 at his back, but | them did not spare him. They show with 7000. The philosopher Diogenes enough feminine malice, if not artistic never lived in a tub. The story of the ability, for Punch. His lordship seems to virtues of the Roman matron Lucretia must | be quite conscious how exquisitely ludicrous be rejected, while the story of the Horatii he looks in his baggy robe of dignity, and and Curatii is worse than doubtful. The with his deniurely downcast eye. sons of Brutus were not the victims of their | Presentation books lie about on the father's firmness, but of his brutality. It tables. One of them, a trophy from Berlin, was utterly impossible for Hannibal to have is a beautifully bound edition of the Psalms followed up his victory at Cannes, and the in German, weighing several pounds. A story of his using vinegar to cleave the slip of paper thrust between the leaves says rocks of the Alps is absurd. So, too, is the that it is from an admirer; there is no story of Cleopatra dissolving a pearl in a other clue to the giver's name. Near it goblet of vinegar and drinking up a fortune lies a copy of the parliamentary return of at one draught. Archimedes never said, landowners in England and Wales, the move the world;" nor did he cry out date. It is handsomely bound, and an in-"Eureka" at any known period of his life | scription on the cover mentions that the or discoveries. Alexandria was never visited return was moved for by Mr Disraeli. It by Omar, nor was the Alexandrian library | did not exactly answer, his purpose, which burned. No more did Galileo say :- "And | was to prove that the ownership of the soil yet it moves for all that!" since it is proved of England was far more equally disfrom authentic documents that he did not tributed among the people than was supdare to. That Columbus broke the end of posed. For, if it showed that Mr Bright as Magema had not set eyes on him for an egg and thus confuted his mockers is had monstrously overstopped the radical fabulous, as also, is the story that he case, it also showed that the few have too encouraged his followers with brave words | much land and the many too little. Perhaps when the shores of San Salvador were still Mr Disraeli had better have left it alone. out of eight. Richard III, of England, did not kill his brother Clarence, and the story about a butt of Malmsey arose from the fact that the body of Clarence, who died a natural death, was transported from Calais to England in a wine butt. Charles II. never had the body of Cromwell taken from Westminster Abbey and hanged at Tyburn, for the daughter of Cromwell, apprehensive of some such ill-treatment, had her father's corpse secretly removed from the Abbay and buried in a quiet churchyard. Milton's daughters could not have consoled their father in his blindness by reading passages from the old authors, for the best of reasons -they did not know how to read. Almost the only story which Professor Wheeler did not succeed in overthrowing is that of the cow that is recorded to have jumped over

> Find of convenation between two friends Erneat Don't telk to me about Ernest ha is a Communist." A Partion me, my friend, I admit that he is a Democrat. Radical. Atheist, and anything else you may chose to call him. but there is a very broad chasm between him and Commun. And how to you know it ! His income amounts to over \$0,000

the moon, Argonaut.

A NEW AND WONDERFUL

the first to avail themselves of the revealed secrets of science, have recently adopted the Luxograph, the patent of Messra. Alder & Clarke. The Luxo raph is a miracle of what will take place next week. The Comsimplicity, and the photographs taken by its | ing Daily will have to contain little items no el aid are pictures as well as portraits. . The sitter faces a diaphanens disc behind which are a parabolic reflector and an illu- attacueu to anybody in connection with minating apparatus of simple construction. the frightful ferry-bost collision to occur in which the combustion of a chemi al pre- on the Bay next Saturday afternoon. paration goes on and diffuses a remarkable | Eight brokers were drowned, and four glow of light over the sitter; the duration additional ladies have been picked up, of this illumination (which is not a flash) which mitigates the public sorrow very can be regulated, and there is an agreeable | materially. A fountain is to be erected in sense of novelty only while the likeness is honor of Daily, the Champion Swimmer, being taken. The light is of a pale violet | who nobly perished while standing on the hue, of actinic property, and it does not bottom and endeavoring to hold the sinking upon a fourth struggle. dazzle the sitter. We saw two cabinet por- boat up with a pole. traits taken, one in 17 seconds and the other in 13 seconds; smaller likenesses are of next month, while the Revd. Otis taken in even less time, with magical cele- Gibson was delivering a brilliant lecture, en compulsory audit of the accounts of jointrity; and we have also seen a plate 10 in- titled, "The Chinese must pay before they stock banks and for the annual publication ches by 8 inches which was taken by this go," at Piati's Hall, some unknown ruffian by them of statements of accounts, process, and is a beautiful specimen of pho- fired a Centennial egg into the orntor's according to a pres ribed form," by Dr. tography. There is a certain chic about mouth. As the good man's eyes were shut, Cameron, Mr Stevenson, Mr Benjamin sought after, for, strange as it may seem. | passed down his throat without breaking. they possess advantages over the majority As we go to press, Mr Gibson is being very carefully prepared to effect the object of daylight likenesses. A portrait or a carefully packed in cotton by his physicians, group may be taken at any time or in any as the slightest jar may smash the egg and weather. For instance, a lady on her way poison him to death. to a ball or a fancy dress ball may arrest ANOTHER LANDMARK GONE .-- Emperor be adopted before it becomes law. her progress for only five minutes and have Norson passed in his oneoks next Thursday. a first-class photograph taken, thus obviat- A mass meeting will be held to provide a ing the necessity of dressing specially, substitute celebrity to point out to unof-Lovers of amateur theatricals may easily fending visitors. Dr. Kalloch will be seperpetuate their get-up without losing time | lected to fill the vacancy. during the day; and indeed this is the rebe obvious to all business men; the maurais from date. As anticipated, he leaves the ukeness taking, while the expression of to 'Lyss, Jr.' good temper peculiar to the post-prandial period will contrast favourably, we think, with the antemeridianal lineaments of most people who are photographed.

BEACONSFIELD'S-LIBRARY.

The comfort which we are taught to look for in every English home is found for the first time in the library. This apartment is half a library and half a drawing-room. There are plenty of tomes but no dust. The light is abundant, and falls as often on brilliant hangings as on sober binding; and evidently no hangings are too brilliant for the taste of the occupant. Rich oriental intelligent critical public holds its sides fittings of the apartment taken as a whole. The bookbinder's lines of gold on the seemed to have a particular objection to It is better to amuse people than to grieve volumes here and there catch up and carry the medicine of the whites. Magema had them. Printers can well afford to pass the jout the colors, as an artist would say, from pointed out to his Majesty that "the land ever-growing collections of typographical one end of the room to the other, and the was governed by witchcraft." "I know," errors smilingly by, and patiently wait for | place is filled with bits of bric-a-brac which advances gradually day by day, therefore something of the disadvantages under which morials of Eastern travel. He was but a we of the present time must be wiser than the average compositor labors. The wonder boy then, and he had a marked boy's taste the generations that have passed. I do is not that typographical blunders are com- for these glittering toys. Copies of the not approve of that matter of the wizards; mitted, but that so few of them are made. Revue des Deux Mondes lying on the table it is bad; they are madmen; the rule of Let any thinking person take up a daily show, if not the tastes, at least the nelight if he allows himself to be governed by the greater portion of the contents of the numbers are the very last books he has B oh practices. Why, in Zululand the sheet was in the inkstands and unused lead been consulting. The paper-knife marks apverer n power is the wizards; and the pencils a few hours before; that the news them. The reader has but just left them, judges are—the wizards also; for there is passed through several hands, all liable to to take them up again when he returns to not a case heard in which the accused has error, before it reached the printer; that the room. Evidently the hero of the not been smelled out beforehand by the editorials and locals were written at Berlin Congress desires to see what his wizards." The aing, in reply, admitted lightning speed, in a dozen different scrawls; neighbors think of his Eastern policy. Whothat there were too many wizards about that there was scant time for correcting was it put about the story that Lord Beaconsfield knows no French? Another lie gone the way of the rest!

Here, as everywhere in this interesting but melancholy house, are pictures of friends dead and gone. That of the poet Rogers hanging by the mantelpiece is but a pencilsketch, amateurish, yet not without merit. It at least does full justice to that nose and Professor Wheeler recently read a paper | chin which, according to Byron, "would

"Give me a lever long enough, and I will modern Domesday Book brought down to But he has never troubled himself much about deluges in the great hereafter.-From a Sketch in New York World.

Accomping to the Auchland Star, the

Maori idea of classic beauty in art is naturally largely influenced by a respect for muscular strength and size. As among all somi-barbarians who have existed for many generations in a state of continual warfare. beauty and delicacy of physique are not so highly valued by the Maoris as strength and courage. It is not to be wondered at that the Maoria who have inspected the statu-s in the Auckland Institute have expressed some singular opinions with regard to their merits. Of the Venus de Medici, that marysi of classic art, they entertain but a very poor opinion. "Nukinuki," was the comment of the illustrious chief Hokipoki as he critically examine i its points, and massive span. "He Kotiro" (a girl) chimed in another great rangatira who accompanied him. But the gigantic stature and massive frame of the Youns of Milo excited their extrems admiration. "Aue." Hokipoki, easting an affectionate look at the model - Laue! Katabi to wahine Kapai tena" sh, what a fine women that is

THE JOURNAL OF THE FUTURE.

The Journal of the Future must obvious-Messrs. Lombardi, photographers to the ly be a vast improvement on those now Queen, of London and Brighton, who take published. The latter have some widehigh rank as the pioneers of progress in all awake features, it's true, but even they are things relating to their art, and are among becoming too slow for the age we live in. It a all well enough to know what happened last night or this morning, but what the truly inquiring mind yearns to discover is

like this, for instance: FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT -- No blame

LISORDERLY GATHERING. - On the 15th these portraits which will make them much | and his mouth open, the ancient missle |

LATEST FROM GRANTINGTON.—The late commendation of the invention which will kmperor Ulystes will was read ninety days quart d'heure of the nervous is abelished in succession to Fred., the horses and pupa

Suctal Gussip.—The well-known mer chaut who created such a scanual by being seen coming out of Marchand's with stran e female, next Sunday evening, has come forward with a card. It appears the woman was his wife, but as she was never seen in public with him before, the mis take was natural.

UNWARRANTABLE INTERFEBENCE. - An officious policeman rudely threatened to arrest some young men who were trying to drown a Chiusman at North Beach next st. Patrick's Day. Whither are we drift-

The above will give an idea of what we mean, and we intend to start this column on the same principle the very first time the proprietor goes down to the country fishing and sampling native wines .- S. F. News-

Dead Letters. Atkin, W. N., Enfield Cottage, Acton, Middlesex..... Atkluson, Miss, 82 Netherfield Road South, Liverpool, ..... Bally, Captain, 2200, Portway Street, San Francisco, ..... Baimer, Mrs Elizabeth, 19, Duucan Street, Liverpool, ..... Beattle, Joseph, British Post Office, Suez, ...... Brooke, Jr., J. H. Post Office, Hong-Cabill, Mrs S. A., 136, Great Howard Carroll, Mr r., 4, Three Court, Queen -Street, Liverpool, ..... Carvalho, Miss M. M., trongkong, ..... Uarvanagh. Mr. 291, New Kent Road. 

Clark, Mrs M., Post Uffice, Camberwell, London, ..... Freebody, Captain, Ship Dharwar, Hongkong,. ..... Gaskin, E., Broad Street, Bridgetown, Barbadoes, .... Gilmartin, Mr. East-India Cottage, Poplar, London, ..... Greene, G. H., Launceston, Tasmania, ... Hipwood, Mrs. Post Office, Berwick Street, Soho, London, ..... Hudson, A. J., S.S. Trump, Singapore, Jeiliffe, C. W., H. M. S. Excellent, Portsmouth, .....

Johnson, Captain, S.S. Charlton, Hongkong, ..... Leong Ayuk, 5, Meridian Street, East Boston, U.S.A.,.... Leys, R. R., care of Boyd & Co., Amoy, 1 Lecquin, M, abord du Paul Marie, Swatow, .....

Lorenzen, Captain, Barque Colima, Tien-

tain, ........ Low, J., Siamese Barque Lucky, Touron, 1 full of water; make the cover half an inch Mckay, John, at the Liverpool Arms, Hongkong, ..... Marino Adolfo, Procurador de la Audiencia, Barcelona, ..... Mora, E., 103, Broadway, New York ... 1 Reeves, Captain, Ship Fabius, Hongkong, ..... Robertson, Neil, Barque Strathern, Hongkong, ...... Swain, Mr. Barque Berth & Marion Hong-Kong, ...... Soares de Souza, José, Coimbra, Portugal, ..... Trask, Mrs Jacob, Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, ..... 

from various pieces at which the addressess cannot be found. If not claimed within cen days they will be opened and returned to the writers.

General Post Office, Hongkong, 26th May, 1879.

"Monsieum the Count,-I have the honor to send you the monthly report of the progress of monsieur your son. Health, excellent ; character, delight ul fellow; sol ence, detestable; literature ditto; history ditto; orthography, capricious and variable morals, doubtful. General observations M. the Vicomte does not generally come home till 3 in the morning, except when he does not come home at all. He is undoubtedly in condition to go up for his baccalaureate examination; equally certain, he will not pass. Taken altoge her, I'm quite sa tisfied with him. -- Professor."

A WIDOW, intending to succeed her husband in the management of a hotel, advertised that "the hotel will be kept by the tried the dimensions of the limbs with his widow of the landlord, Mr Brown, who died last summer on a new and improved plan," A coroner's verdigi, read thus "The deceased came to bis death by excessive drinking, producing spoplety in the mind of the jury." A country paper says A child was rull over by a waggon three years old and cross-eyed, with pantalets

#### Miscellaneous.

LORD NORTH and his parliamentary opponent. Colonel Barre, both became blind towards the close of their lives. The two were afterwards brought together on a certain occasion, when Lord North said: "Colonel, you and I have been at variance; but I believe there are now no two persons in the world who would be more glad to see each other."

Can it be that every quarter of a century is fated to produce a war between the British and the Burmese Government 1 It was in 1824, we think, that the first Burmese war took place; then in 1852 the second Burmese war occurred, in which Pegu was annexed; and now in 1879 we seem on the eve of a third one. If this latter event take place, we think we may safely conclude that we are hardly likely to leave the Barmese Government the chance of entering

A BILL has been introduced into the House of Commons . to provide for the Whitworth, Mr Pennington, and Mr James Stewart. The till appears to have been it has in view, although it is not improba able that some amendments may be considered necessary should "the principle

Some interesting information relative to the application of the electric light to lighthouse illumination has been given in a paper by Mr. J. M. Douglas, the engineer of the Trinity House, which formed the topic of discussion at a meeting of the Ins. titution of Civil Engineers. It appears that the electric light has been already established in five lighthouses in England, three in France, one in Odessa, and one at Port Said. Comparing the relative merits of oil, coal-gas, and electricity, and the comparative focussing compactness of these several luminaries, it appeared that in this respect the electric light was 616 tim s better than either of the others. It also appeared from experiments relative to the penetrative power of the lights, that the electric light was visible at about double the distance of the oil luminary.

THE ancient custom of throwing an old lipper after the bride as the leaves her home is still in many places believed to bring luck to the happy couple. But it may be quesioned whether the old shoe was thrown for luck only. It is stated in Holy Writ that " the receiving of a shoe was an evidence an symbol of rejecting or resigning it." The latter is evinced in Deuter numy, 25th chapter, where the ceremony of a widow rejecting her busband's brother in marriage is by loosing his shoe from off his foot. And in Ruth we are told that "it was the custom in Israel concerning changing, that a man plucked off his shoe and delivered it to his neighbour." Hence the throwing of a shoe after a bride was a symbol of renunciation of dominion and authority over her by her fa her or guardian, and the receipt of theshoe by the bridegroom, even if accidental, was nomen that the authority was transferreu to him.

PRIEST AND PEOPLE IN ! URAL RUBSTA.-One of the kussian correspondents of the Cologne Gazette tells the following story idustrative of the relations of priest and people in rural Russia. A young peasant, 🐷 being about to marry into another village, demands the necessary certificate from his Pope Says the Pope : - " Very well, dear child; but I must first settle my little account with you. You leave the village, but this means a loss to me. There would ve-for your marriage fee, 10 roubles : the average of cuildren seven—seven baptisms, towels, and prayers, 6 roubles 50 copeks; the average of deaths of children four-four burials, 4 roubles. You may have to give a daughter in marriage-certificate, one rouble; a son to enter as recruit for the army-well, we won't mind him; but we still come to 21 roubles 50 copeks; let us say roundly 20 roubles." The young peasant says, after much consideration; "But, Pope, you may die before all this occurs." "Dear child," replies the Pope," it is unfortunately true that we all must die, and therefore we will square accounts for 10 roubles." The peasant paid the 10 roubles for the certificate, and left the Pope, not quite contentedly.

To CATCH RATS. - Fill a barrel about half smaller all round than the inside of the top of the barrel. Drive a nail or wire on each side of the cover, exactly opposite each other, to pivot the cover, so that a light weight will readily tip it over. Put bait on the top; fix it there firmly, and place an empty barrel or box near by As first cover the top of the barrel with stiff atout poper, that the rate may have easy access to it. Sprinkle cheese parings or other feed for several days, until they feel a right to their daily rations from this source; then place at the bottom of the barrel a piece of stone about 6 or 7 inches high, until only enough of it projects above the water for one rat to lodge upon. Now take off the paper from the top. The first The above letters have been returned rat that comes will go through into the water, and climb upon the stone. The second rat follows the first; then begins a fight for the possession of the dry p'ace, the noise of which attracts the others, who share the same fate.

> Ir is announced that the splendid collegtion of Japanese and Chicese works of art belonging to M. Barbet de Jony, the conservatur of the Mediaval and Renaissance Departments of the Louvre, will shortly be dispersed by sale. M. Barbet de Jouy has been for many years one of the most instructed collectors of this class of objects, and the sale-of his valuable collection will be likely to create semation among enthusiasts. M. Ephrussi who has written a preface to the elaborate catalogue prepared by M. Gasnault, states, indeed, that M. Barbet de Jouy is "without a rival" in the fine taste and delicate judgment so necessary for the collector. He never admitted defective pieces, but sought only for the most perfect specimens, and therefore his collection has a remarkable purity and barmony that is not to be found in the more heterogeneous gatherings of most collectors. It seems, indeed, to have been made from a sincers love of art, and not merely under the influence of the collecting passion. Among the treasures enumerated in the catalogue is the celebrated Persian carped taken out of the Symmer Palzor, of which there was an illustration in Jacque mart's "History of Parciture."

Lets. Pap

#### POSTAL BATES.

Subjoined we give the postal rates now in force for transmission of correspondence to all parts of the world. Detailed rules affecting the transmisgion of packets, parcels, &c., will be found annexed, together with a number of miscellaneous and useful notices.

### Hongkong Rates of Postage.

(Revised April 4th, 1879.) . In the following Statements and Tables the Rates are given in cents, and are, for Letters, per half ounce, for Books and Patterns, per two ounces.

Newspapers over four nunces in weight are charged as double, treble, &c., as the case may be, but such papers or packets of papers may be sent at Book Rate. Two wrapper. Newspapers must not be folded together as one, nor must anything whatever be inserted except bona fide Supplements. Printed matter may, however, be emblosed, if the whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Current may be paid either as Newspapers or Books,

Commercial Papers signify such papers as, though Written by Hand, do not bear the character of an actual or personal correspondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied music, do. Any of them in a Book Packet expose it to the higher charges stated be-

on paying an extra fee of 4 cents.

The limit of weight for Books and Commercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices is 4 lbs. Patterns for such offices are limited to 8 ounces, and must not exceed these dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 inches.

N.R. means No Registration.

Countries of the Postal Union.

The Union may be taken to comprise Europe, most foreign possessions in Asia, Japan, W. Africa, Egypt, Mauritius, all A. America, Mexico, Salvador, Chili, Brazil, Feru, the Argentine Republic, Jamaica, Trinidad, Guiana, Honduras, Labuan, with all Danish, French, Netherlands, Fortuguese and Spanish Colonies.

Countries NOT in the Union. - The chief countries not in the Union are the Australasian Group.

Postage to Union Countries.

General Rates, by any route :-Letters, & cents per 1 oz. Post Cards, 8 cents each. Registration, 8 cents. 2 cents each. Newspapers, Books and Patterns, ·2 cents per 2 oz. 6 cents per 4 oz. Commercial Papers,

Exceptional rates, to the United Kingdom and Union Countries served through the United Kingdom via Brindisi only:-Letters. 12 cents per 🖠 cz. Post Usrds, 5 cents each. Regustration, g cents.

Newspapers, 4 cents each. Books and Patterns, 4 cents per 2 oz. Commercial Papers, 8 cents per 4 oz.

There is no charge on redirected correspondence within the Postal Union.

Postage to Non-Union Countries.

Aspinwall (N.R.), Bahamas, Guatemala (N.E.), Hayti (N.E.), New Granada (N.E.) ranama (N.R.), and Venezuela (N.R.) :--

Via San Via S. Hampton Via

brancisco. or Marseitles. Brindist

		-	
Letters,	12	30	34
Registration,	None.	8	8
Newspapers,	4	4	b
Books & Patterns,	, 6	6	8
Bolivia, Costa (N.R.), Nicaragua	Kica	(n.r.),	Ecuador
Letters,	20	30	34
Newspapers,	4	4	6
Books & Patterns		6	š
Registration,	8	None.	
Hawaiian Kinge	dom :		-
Letters,	12	12	16
Registration,	None.	None,	None.
- Newspapers,	. 4*	4	6
Books & Patterns	, 6*	6	8
W. Indies (exce Urugusy:—	-	above), F	'aragua <b>y</b> ,
Letters,		80	84
Newspapers.	·	4	6
Books & Pattern	is Magazina da a		
Registration	, a	- <del>-</del>	···
to British & Union West Indies only,	}-	8	8

Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, Fiji, Natal, Cape, St. Helena, Ascension. Letters, by Contract Packet 24; by Private Ship 12, Registration, 8; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns, 4,

A small extra charge is made on delivery.

Loual and Town Postage.	Lettera.	Registration.	Newspapera	Bra. & Ptina. Per 2 oz.	T H
Within any Town or Settle- ment, or between Hongkong, Canton, and Macao, in either direction,	2	8	2	2	8 8
 Between any other two of the following places (through a British Office) viz.:—Hong- kong, Macao, Ports of China	c.				000
and Japan, Bangkok, Cochin China, Tonquin, and the Philippines, by Private Ship,	4	8	2	2	t

Any publication fulfilling the conditions hereafter named can pass as a newspaper. The conditions are as follows:

Between the above by Con-

1st. The publication must consist wholly Or in great part of political or other news, or of articles relating thereto, or to other burrent topics, with or without advertise-

ments. 2nd. It must be published in numbers at intervals of not more than 31 days, and must be printed on a sheet or sheets un-

to Tables of Contents and Indices.

or in great part of matter like that of a kinds newspaper, or of advertisements, printed on a sheet or sheets, or a piece or pieces of paper, unstitched; or wholly or in part of engravings, prints, or lithographs illustrative of articles in the newspaper. The supplement must in every case be published with the newspaper, and must have the title and date of publication of the newspaper printed at the top of every page; or, it it consists of engravings, prints, or lithographs, at the top of every sheet or side.

A packet containing two or more newspapers is not chargeable with a higher rate or postage than would be chargeable on a book packet of the same weight.

The postage must be prepaid either by an adhesive stamp, or by the use of a stamped

Lvery newspaper must be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, wafer, sealing wax, postage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of easy removal for examination. If this rule be infringed the newspaper is treated as a letter.

Every newspaper must be so folded, as to admit of the title being readily inspected.

A newspaper or packet of newspapers which contains any enclosure except supplements is charged as a letter, unless the enclosure be such as might be sent at the The sender of any Registered Article | book rate of postage, and the entire packet may accompany it with a Return Receipt | be sufficiently prepaid as a book packet, in which case it is allowed to pass.

A newspaper which has any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written in it or upon its cover, is charged as an unpaid or insufficiently paid letter.

No packet of newspapers may be above 5 lbs. in weight, nor above two feet in length, one foot in width, nor one in depth.

A book packet may contain any number of apparate books or other publications (including printed or lithographed letters), photographs (when not on glass or in cases containing glass or any like aubstance) drawings, prints, or maps, and any quantity of paper, or any other substance in ordinary use for writing or printing upon; and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written, enraved, lithographed, or plain, or any mixture of these. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, &c., or of a portion thereof, is allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books, pens or pencies in the case of pocket-books, &c., and, in short, whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of such articles, or usually appertains thereto; but the binding, rollers, &c. must not be sent as a separate packet.

Circulars, -i.e., letters which are intended for transmission in identical terms to several persons, and the whole or the greater part of which is printed, engraved, or lithographed, - may also be sent by book post.

But a book-packet may not contain any letter, or communication of the nature of a | the Postmaster General. (whether separate or otherwise), unless it be a circular-letter or be whollyprinted; nor any enclosure sealed or in any way closed against inspection. If this charged as a letter.

A book-packet may be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened, whether by means of gum, wafer, sealing wax, postage stamp, or otherwise) or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of the contents being easily withdrawn for examination otherwise it is treated as a letter. For the greater security of the contents, however, it may be tied at the ends with string Postmasters being authorised to cut the string in such cases, although if they do so they must again tie up the packet.

No book-packet may be above 5 lbs. in weight, nor above 24 inches in length, 12 inches in width, or 12 inches in depth, unless it be sent to or from one of the Government offices.

When, owing to a great and unusual influx of letters, books, etc., the transmission or delivery of the letters would be delayed if the whole mail were dealt with without distinction, book-packets may be kept back till the next despatch or delivery.

They must not be of intrinsic value. This rule excludes all articles of a saleable nature. and indeed whatever may have a value of its own, apart from its mereuse as a pattern; and the quantity of any material sent ostensibly as a pattern must not be so great that it can fairly be considered as having on this ground an intrinsic value.

Pattern and Sample Post to colonies and foreign countries is restricted to bond fide trade patterns or simples of merchandise. Goods sent for sale, or in execution of an order (however small the quantity may be), or any articles sent by one private individual to another, which are not actual pat-

terns or samples, are not admissible. Patterns or samples, when practicable, must be sent in covers open at the ends. and in such a manner as to be easy of examination. Samples of seeds, drugs, and such like articles, which cannot be sent in covers of this kind, -but such articles only, may be pusted enclosed in boxes, or baza of linen or other material, fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened: or, in the case of seeds &c., in bags entirely closed, provided such closed bags are transparent, so as to enable the Officers of the fost Office readily to satisfy themselves as to the nature of the contents.

There must be no writing or printing upon or in any packet except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the address of the sender, a trade mark or number, and the price of the articles.

The rule which forbids the transmission through the Post of any article likely to injure the contents of the Mail Bags or Boxes, or the person of any Officer of the Post Office is, of course, applicable to the Lattern Post; and a packet containing any. thing of the kind will be stopped, and not sent to its destination. Afticles such as the following have been occasionally posted as Patterns, and have been detained as unfit for the Post, viz | Metal boxes, porcelain and Chine, fruit, vegetables, bunches

3rd. The full title and date of publication | of howers, cuttings of plants, spurs, knives, must be printed at the top of the first page, sciesors, needles, pins, pieces of machinery, and the whole or part of the title and the sharp pointed instruments, samples of date of publication at the top of every metals, samples of ore, samples in glass subsequent page; and this regulation applies | bottles; v pieces of glass, acids of various kinds, curry combs, copper and steel en-4th. A supplement must consist wholly graving plates, and confectionery of all

> Such articles as scissors, knives, razors, forks, steel pens, nails, keys, watch mackinery, metal tubing, pieces of metal or ore, provided that they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the mail bags and to the Officers of the Post Office, while at the same time they may be essily examined, may be sent as samples. Indigo cannot be sent to any place.

> To provide the greatest possible facilities for posting Correspondence for Europe, &c. up to the latest moment before the departure of the French Packets, arrangements have been made for receiving at the Post Office late letters-except those to und through Australia-from 11.16 A.M. to 11.30 A.M. Each letter must bear a late fee of 18 cents extra postage.

A similar supplementary Mail is made up for Shanghai by the English and French Contract Steamers, the late letters being received from 10 minutes after, up to half an hour after the time of closing. The late fee is also 18 cents.

# Miscellaneous Notices.

Local Delivery.

1. All correspondence posted before 5 p.m. on any week day for addresses in Victoria will be delivered the same day, and generally within two hours, unless the delivery should be retarded by the Contract

2. Invitations, &c., can generally be delivered within Victoria at the private houses of the addressees rather than at places of business, if a wish to that effect be expressed by the sender, otherwise all correspondence is invariably delivered at the nearest place of business. (See Fostal Guide, par. 103.)

8. Boxholders who desire to send Circulars, Dividend Warrants, Invitations, Cards, do., all of the same weight, to addresses in Hongkong, Bangkok, or the Ports of China and Japan, may deliver them to the Post Office unstamped, the postage being then charged to the senders account. Lach batch must consist of at least ten.

4. Boxholders may also send Patterns to the same places in the same way. Envelopes containing Patterns may be wholly closed if the nature of the contents be first exhibited or stated to the Postmaster General, as he may consider necessary, and approved by him. Printed Circulars may be inserted in such Pattern Packets.

#### Local Parcel Post.

1. Small Parcels may be sent by Post between any of the British Post Cffices in China or Japan, as well as to Macao, Pakhoi, Singapore, Penang, and Malacca. They must not exceed the following dimensions, 2 feet long, 1 foot broad, 1 foot deep, nor weigh more than 5lbs. The postage will be 20 cents per 1b., which will include Registration. The parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endorsement, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO LETTER, but any parcel may be opened by direction of

2. The following cannot be transmitted: Parcels insufficiently packed or protected. or liable to be crushed (as bandboxes, &c.) Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances. rule be infringed, the entire packet is Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Ice, Meat, Fish, Game, Fruit, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in transit.

8. Parcels will as a general rule be forwarded by Private Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. The Post Office reserves the right of selecting the opportunity for transmission, and of delaying delivery in case the number of parcels is such as to retard other correspondence. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, but the system of Registration will secure the senders against any but a very remote probability of loss.

4. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a Parcel Post to Europe, &c., which does not exist.

Mails exchanged with Manila and Saigon. The Philippine Islands being now admitted into the General Postal Union, it follows that all paid correspondence received from Manila in the mails will be delivered free by this Office, and that all paid correspondence sent to Manila in the mails should be delivered free there.

Article IX of the Postal Treaty of Berne provides that "Neither the senders nor the addressees of letters and other postal packets shall be called upon to pay, either in the Country of Origin, or in that of Destination, any tax or duty other than " the recognised rates levied (in the case of paid correspondence) by the despatching Office. It is boped that any extra charge, or apparently extra charge, will at once be brought to the notice of the proper authorities, in either Colony.

The above does not apply in any to loose letters sent outside the mails. These will always be charged on arrival in Hongkong and probably the Manila Office will adopt the same course.

Complaints are sometimes received of extra charges on correspondence exchanged between this Colony and Salgon, but it is believed it would be found in all cases that the letters, &c., had been sent loose. Any Foreign stamps on loose correspondence are obliterated in this Office.

Indian Correspondence. Unpaid Letters are not received for the Indian Mail Packets. The Prespayment of correspondence for the Straits, India, Ceylon, and Aden is compulsory by whatever opportunity it is

# Registration to Bangkok.

Her Britannic Majesty's Consul General for Siam has been good enough to make arrangements by means of which correspondence can be Registered to Bangkok, at the duties. usual charge of 8 cents.

Soldiers' and Sailors' Letters. Privates in H. M. Army or Navy, Noncommissioned Officers, Army Schoolmasters (not superintending or First Class) or Schoolmistresses may rend half-ounce letters to the United Kingdom via Scuthampton

\* But not Warrant Officers, vis., Assistant Engineer, Gunner, Bostswein, or Carpenter,

by British Packet, for one penny; or via

Soldiers' and Sailors' letters are, however, charged as ordinary letters if they do not conform to the fellowing regulations:double letters are allowed.

the letter, and the commanding Officer must sign his name, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

8. If to a Soldier or Sailor, his class or description must be stated in full, with name of Regiment, or Ship, &c., in full.

Mails for the United Kingdom, &c. by

French Packet.

Under instructions from the London Post Office, the Mails for the United Kingdom which have hitherto been forwarded via Marseilles, will henceforth be forwarded vid Auples, as it is understood that a gain of twelve hours results from the adoption

of this route. As it would be extremely inconvenient to divide the mail, and no practical advantage would result from doing so, all correspondence intended for the United Kingdom by French Packet will be sent via Naples, even though marked via Marseilles.

An impression appears to prevail that | Indemnity for the Loss of a Registered Letter correspondence for the Mediterranean stations, Gibraltar, Malta, Cyprus, the Levant, Turkey, &c., can be forwarded only by British Packet. It can be forwarded also by French Packet, and if so forwarded generally arrives a week earlier than if it had been detained for the British Mail.

The Post Office is not, by law, responsible or mis-delivery of any letter, book, or other-cases, provided :-postal packet (even if the packet be registered), nor is the Post Office responsible for any mjury which a packet may sustain during its transmission.

To guard against such injury all postal stamping or from great pressure should be mediately the loss was discovered, the placed in strong covers; and even with this | envelope being invariably forwarded with precaution no fragile article should be sent | such application unless it also is lost, through the Post. It should be remembered that every packet has to be handled several | fied that the loss occurred whilst the correspressure and friction in the mail bag; and | Postal administration in China, that it was of the railway apparatus, the risk of injury | nor by the disho. esty or negligence of any is much increased.

No information can be given respecting | Hongkong Post Office. letters which pass through a Post Office addressed; and in no other way is official information of a private character allowed to be made public. A Postmaster may, a broken or deteriorated condition. however, give an address if he has no reason to believe that the person whose address it. is would disapprove of his doing so.

 Postmasters are not allowed to return any letter or other packet to the writer or sender or to any one else, or to delay forwarding it to its destination according to the address, even though a request to such effect be written thereon.

Postmasters are not bound to give change nor are they authorized to demand change and when money is paid at a Post Office, whether as change or otherwise, no question as to its right amount, goodness, or weight can be entertained after it has been removed from the counter.

Postmasters are not bound to weigh any letters or other packets for the public, but they may do so if their duty be not thereby impeded.

The practice of sealing letters passing to and from the East and West Indies, and other countries with hot climates, with wax (except such as is specially prepared), is attended with much inconvenience, and frequently with serious injury, not only to the letters so sealed but to the other letters in the mail, from the melting of the wax and adhesion of the letters to each other. public are therefore recommended, in all suc\_ cases, to use either wafers or gum, and to advise their correspondents in the countries referred to, to do the same.

The registration of a packet makes its transmission much more secure, inasmuch as, under ordinary circumstances, a registered packet can be traced through its whole course; and thus the loss of a registered packet is a very rare occurrence. Nevertheless large sums of money or other articles of great value should not be sent through the post, even if the packet be registered; as the machinery of the Department is not arranged with a view to such transmission. By law, the Post Office is not re possible for the safe delivery of registered packets though any officer who may neglect hi duty on this point will be called to strict account, bent in unregistered letters, valu able articles are exposed to risk, and offer a temptation which ought not to be created! and the Department cannot in any way undertake the safe conveyance of such packets. All in and or colonial letters: therefore, which contain coin, and all inland letters which contain watches or iewellery, even though they be posted without registration, are treated as registered, and charged on delivery with a doubl registration fee of eightpence in addition to the didinary postage; and any such letters which cannot be registered in time to be forwarded by the Mail for which they are posted are detained for the next despatch. Even if the letter do not contain any article of intrinsic value, it should, if it be very important, be registered.

Most countries to which Hongkong forwards Correspondence having Joined the General Postal Union or being probably about to do so, it is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed.

I. No Letter or Packet, whether to be régistered or noregistered, can be received for Postage if it contains gold or silver money, jewels, precious articles, or anything that, as a general rule, is liable to Customs

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so amali as to make the sample of no value.

3. The limits of weight allowed are at follows (---Books and Papers-to British Office,

5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs. Patterns-to British Offices, 5 lbs. if without intrinsic value; to the Continent, da, for

PARCELS.—The public is reminded that Brindisi by British Packet for three-pence. there is no such thing as Parcel Post Hongkong stamps will prepay this class of to Europe, &c. Much trouble and disapcorrespondence exactly the same as imperial pointment is caused by persistent attempts to send small valuable trifles through the Post. Fans, Curios, Articles of Dress Fancy Work, and similar presents are continually being refused, the senders having 1. Not to exceed half an ounce. No often spent more in Postage than would have paid the freight by a camer. No 2. If from a Soldier or Sailor, his class | refund can be made on such parcels of the or description must be stated in full on value of Stamps obliterated before the nature of the contents was discovered.

> PATTERNS. -Some difficulty is experienced in obtaining a general understanding of what is a Fattern. It is a bond fide sample of goods which the sender has for sale, or of goods which he wishes to order. It is to consist of the smallest ressible quantity compatible with shewing what the goods are, and must have no intrinsic value.

To provide means of remitting small sums of money to or from this Colony and between the 1-orts of China and Japan, the Postmasters and Agents of this Office will in future be allowed (but not required) to purchase Hongkong Postage Stamps from foreign residents.

Between Hongkong and Shanghai, or Hongkong and Yokohama, however, in either direction, Money-Orders must be

The following Regulations as to the Indemnity to be paid in certain cases on the loss of hegistered correspondence have been made by His Excellency the Governor under Ordinance 10 of 1876, Section XII.

The Post Office is not legally responsible for the sate delivery of Registered correspondence, but henceforth it will be prepared to make good the contents of such for any loss or inconvenience which may correspondence test while passing through arise from the non-delivery, mis-sending, the Post, to the extent of \$10, in certain

> 1. That the sender duly observed all the conditions of Registration require. 2. That the letter was securely enclosed

in a reasonably strong envelope. 3. That application was made to the packets which are likely to suffer from Postmaster General of Hongkong im-

4. That the Postmaster General is satistimes; that it is exposed to considerable pondence was in the custody of the british that, whenever the bag has in the course of | not caused by any fault on the part of the its transmission to be transferred by means | sender, by destruction by fire, or shipwreck, person not in the employment of the

5. No compensation can be paid for mere except to the persons to whom they are | damage to tragite articles such as portraits, watches, handsomely bound books, &c., which reach their destination, although in

#### Money Order Regulations.

1 .- Money Orders on the United Kingdom and the Straits Settlements are issued at Hongkong, Shanghai and Yokohama. Shanghai and Yokohama also issue on Hongkong and vice versa.

2.—Small sums may be remitted between the other Forts by means of Postage

3.—Many Money Orders are supplied to | Auroraresidents at the smaller Ports in this way. B. F. Watson An application for an order\* is filled up, and is enclosed with a stamped, directed, and unsealed envelope to the Postmaster at the nearest issuing office. The application must be accompanied with the full amount (including commission) in cheque, postage stamps, or other equivalent of cash, and a little margin should be left for variations of exchange. The Postmaster issues the order, sends it on in the envelope, and returns the change, if any, by first opportunity, with a receipt for the letter, if it Glamorgan, s.s. I regd. Moneta were to be registered, as it always should | Clara Babuyan Care should be taken to send these applications in time, as the Money Order Offices close some hours before the depar-

tures of the mails. 4.—No order must exceed £10, or include any fraction of a penny. Orders will be drawn at the current rate of the day t and paid at the rate of the day when the advice arrived.

The commission is as follows:—

Orders on the United Kingdom. ,, £5......36 ,, £7..... 54 ,, Local Money Orders (including Straits

Settlements). ,, 50......30 ,,

5.—Lists of Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom may be consulted at Hongkong, Shanghai, ana Yokohama.

6.—Names must be given in full (except when there is more than one Christian name) but the name of the Payee need not | Hazelhurst be given if the order be crossed (as cheques are crossed). It can then be paid only through a Bank, and may afterwards be Hilbernia specially crossed to any Bank.

7.—No order can be paid till the Payee | Hotspur have signed it in the proper place, An Irana order oan be transferred to another office on payment of an additional commission. In case of loss of an order, necessity for stopping payment, or the like, application should be made to the nearest Money Order Office for instructions.

8. - If the order be not presented within six months an additional commission will be charged; if not within twelve months. the money will be forfeited. When the order is once paid no further claimecan be

entertained. 9.—No order can be paid until the advice relative to it has been received.

\* Made out on a printed form which is supplied

+ Local Orders on Shanghai are drawn at 2 per Deutscher Reichs-Unzeiger. cent. premium in all cases. A fixed dol. Dundee Advertiser. lar rate for drawing on the United Kingdom is in force at Shanghai.

#### POST OFFICE NOTICE. Unclaimed Correspondence, May 80, 1879.

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١.	Avonchoyo	l regd Lowe, S. S. 2	
	Aveng, Mr	Madge, J. 1	<u> </u>
١.	Ayoon	regd Mallison, W. 1	
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r	Browns, T. &	Paterson, Mrs 1	
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- }	Messrs	Taylor, Wm. Kerr 1	
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1	Fox, Madame 1	Thomas, James	
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	Capt. Geo.	D. Sra	
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ı	Hill, Chas. E. 1.	Wilson, Charles 4	· · -
İ	Hilton, Geo. 1	Wilson, Mrs J.M.	··.
ŀ	Line, Rev. 1	Wide Chong 1	1
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	Hutton, W.H. C. 1	1 A. Rosalia 1	•
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Ť	Johnston, & Co. 1	Worllerge, Lt. J. F.	- 44 - 44
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Lets. Pap.

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1 regd.Lopez, Maria

### For Merchant Ships.

Lets, Pap. Abbey Cowper James Shepherd I Jan Peter ..... 1 Adelaide Norris Janet Jessie Jamieson 1 Albyn's Isla Kirkland 👉 🥇 A. M. Simpson Kvik Amethyst -Kwang Hoi Young, s.s. Amy Turner Armisusces Laurel 1 Lord Macaulay Benclutha Benjamin Aymanl Lota. Bertie Biglow Louise. Blankenese Maid of Judah 8(1rg.) 2  ${f Blenheim}$ Malabar, s.s. Cainipŏ Mecca, s.s. Carry Wyman Melbrek Celestial, s.s. I Mercury Charmer Miako City of San-Min y don 2 regd. Monarch, s.s. Monte Rosa Nardoo Nehemiah Gibson4 Northern Star . Orange Grove Coronilla Paul Revere Penrith Craigie Lea 4 (3rg.) Pilgrim. Crossfield Riflema<del>n</del> 2 R. M. Hayward Drumelog Earl of Devon 4 (1 rg.) 1 Rosebud Rover of the Seas 4 E. C. Mutch Elizabeth Nicholson Silver Eagle Electra, s.s. Smyrniole South America Esmeralda: Fei Hu, s.s. Stant \_\_\_\_ Fiery Cross Stonewall Firth of Forth 2 (lrg.) Jackson Strathbyok Fontentye Strathmore, s.s. Forward . Frederick 2 (1rg.) Strathmore G. C. Trufant I Sydenham Glamis Syria, s.s. B (1rg) 2 -Glamorgan. **Faunton** shire, s.s. Thingvalls, s.s. Golwa L regd, Thomas Fletcher L Hakon Adel-Tigre Tintern Abbay stein, s.s. Hawkesbury 2 Tyburnia Undine 1 regd. elaV Vigilant Viginat Wanderer, s.s. Whale Gladstone 4 (118) 1

Lata. Pap.

Yuen Alon

Books, etc. without Covers, Ardressan and Saltreats Herald.

Central Blatt. Chopin, Etudes. Christian Age. Christian. Church Times. Corier and Bremner Nachrichten (in a bundle). Daily Telegraph. Gazzetta del Villaggio, Germania. Glasgow Weekly Herald. Herts and Essex Observer. Hobos Brema (Russian). Journal de Gand. Journal de St. Petersbourg. Lloyds Weekly London Newspaper, Missioni Cattoliohe.

Montage Zaitung. Nairnshire Telegraph. National Zeitung. Perseveranza,

Preis Courant (Louis Muller)

	TAB URLE		[No. 4960.—May 31, 1879.
Werchant Vessels in		HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.  Corrected to Saturday, May 31st, 1879.	Salmor, Canton, catty 110 100 編魚
Exclusive of late Arrivals and To facilitate finding the position of any yeasel in the Harbou	ur, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at	At 1090 Cash per Dollar Mexican.	Salt Fish, 120 90 颇魚
Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked Shipping or midway between each shore are marked c., in conjun	nction with the figures denoting the sections.	Highest. Lowest. Chinese Names.	Skate, 60 50 開東
Section.  1. From Green Island to the Gas Works.  2. From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works.	5. From P. and O. Co,'s Office to Peddar's Wharf, 6. From Peddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard.	Butcher Meat.	Shrimpa, 60 50 娘
8. From Novelty-Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office. 4. From Harbour Master's to the P. and O. Co,'s Office.	7. From Naval Yard to the Pier. 8. From Pier to East Point.	Bacon, English,	
Vessel's Name.   S   Captain.   Flag and   Date o.	Of Consignees or Agents. Destination Remarks	, Ame. Sugar cured , 250 220 花旗坳猪尽 , Foochow, , 200 180 福州坳猪肉	Late 2.1. Zz.
Steamers		Beef, sirloin and prime out, cy. 170 160 尾龍扒	Tench, 130 120 版记录
Adria	10 P. M. S. S. Co. Y'hama & S. Foisco 3rd prox.	Beef Corned,	Turbot, , 150 — 左口魚 Turtles, small, fresh water, 500 — 加魚
Amoy	29 Meyer & Co. Hoihow & Halphone 3rd. daylight		Whiting,, 100 90 虫醚
Bombay	12 Kwok Acheong	"Steak, " 150 140 牛肉耙	Fruits. 東子
Charlton	23 Melchers & Co. 16 P. & O. S. N. Co. Yokohama To-day	Bullocks' Brains, per set 50 40 年版	Aleurites, catty £0 40 石栗
Churruca	30 Remedios & Co. Manila 4th prox. 29 P. M. S. S. Co. Y'hama & S. F'olsce Mails	,, corned,, 300 2.0 顺牛朋	Apples, California, , 500 350 舊金山平東 Bananas, fragrant, Canton, 30 25 岩城禾准
City of Santiago 7 c Peters Brit. str. 1291 May 2 Crusader Rowin Brit. str. 647 May 2 Donnho 2 h Clanchy Sco. May 2	26 Arnhold, Karberg & Co Cos'tan Dock	,, Head, ,, 750 700 牛頭	" " Manila " 60 50 呂宋沙香蕉
Electra	29 Yuen Fat Hong 31 Siemssen & Co. 20 Russell & Co. Manila Ab'deen Dock	Hump, Salt . catty 130 120 牛眉	Chestnuts 25 20 古里蕉
Fame	H.K. & W'pos Dock Co. Tuz Plying	,, Feet, each 50 45 2	Citron, 110 60 香綠
Hesperia	27 Siemssen & Co. 31 C. M. S. N. Co. Shanghai To-morrow	, Kidneys, 60 50 牛腰 Tail. 100 90 牛尾	Coccanuta each 50 45 W-F
Kiungchow h loggin Brit. str. 365 May 2	15 Gibb, Livingston & Co. Foochow 27 Kwok Acheong	,, Liver, catty 80 70 牛肝	Dates. bottle 400 350 和葡提
Lombardy 5 c Hall Brit. str. 1726 May 8	8 Russell & Co. 81 P. & O. S. N. Co. 28 Siemssen & Co.  K'loon Dock Europe, &c.  Mails, 8rd px.	,, Tripe (undressed), catty 55 45 牛肚	Figs, Dried, box 750 — 無花菓飲
Malacca	P. & O. S. N. Co.  Yokohama  Mails  Douglas Lapraik & Co.  Coast Ports  31 Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Calves' Head and Feet, set 600 500 牛仔頭脚 Hams, American, . lb. 320 300 花旗火腿	Lemons, China, catty 80 70 檸檬
Ningpo	3) Siemssen & Co. Shanghai To-morrow 29 Landstein & Co.	"Chinese, "250 220 金華火腿	Lichées, 50 80 荔枝
Paladin 3 c Parker Brit, str. 897 May 2 Pasig 4 c Fremoga Span. str. 216 May 8	Russell & Co. Salgon To-day	*, English . , 380 350 來路火腿 Mutton Chop	Limes, Saigon, 80 — 安幹糠檬
Bajanattianuhar 2 c Hopkins Brit. str. 933 May 1	Si Meichers & Co. Salgon 19 Yuen Fat Hong Bangkok To-day		Mangosteen, Singapore, each 80 25
Teheran 2 h Johnson Brit str. 1671 May 30 Zephyr Heuer Brit str.	30 P. & O. S. N. Co. ~ Shanghal 2nd, daylight	,, Shoulder, . ,, 140 130 羊手	Mangoes, Manila, each 80 25 山竹子 Mangoes, Manila, each 80 70 宋吕屯菓
Abble N. Franklin 4 k Howes Amer. bge. 460 Mar.	6 Captain	Pige Chitlings,	" Canton, catty 40 80 省城屯東
Advance	17 Chinese * 27 Borneo Co., Limited Manila	,Fry, 120 110 猪雞	Musk Melons, 20 一 香瓜
Alice C. Dickerman 3 c Bugant Sm. 3m. 3m. 501 May 11	20 Jardine, Matheson & Co. Foochow	,, Read, ,, 90 80 泊頭	Olives, green, , 40 80 青白欖 Oranges, (Coolie) Canton , 60 50 省城橙
Aurora		,, Heart, such 60 50 猪心, Kidneys, ,, 90 80 猪腰	Papaw, 50 40 木瓜
Chamron Kamrye 2 c Stobze Siam. bge May 1	21 Meyer & Co.	" Liver, b. 120 110 猪肝	Peach, 50 40 小 Pears, Nanking, , 100 80 南京雪梨
Ching-too	24 - duard Schollhaus & Co	Pork, Chop, catty 150 140 指牌骨	,, Russet,, 40 - 1/32
Conchita Span, boa 430 May 2	31 demedios & Co.	"Corned, "140 180 鹹猪內 "Leg, "150 140 狢肶	Pine-apples, Singapore, each 80 70 星架波波器
Edward May4 c Manson Amer. boe 928 April 1	HRussell & Co. New York	"Fat or Land, " 110 100 猪油	Plantains, common catty 80 20 大瀬 Plums, 40 30 森
Elisabeth 4 c Ohlsen Ger. bqe. 447 May 10 Excelsior 8 c Eddy Amer. bqe. 595 May 10 Faugh Balaugh 4 k Rüte Ger. bqe. 240 May 80	17 Captain	Sheeps' Head, and Feet, not 450 400 羊頭川	,, dark-red, ,, 30 20 ZIX
Fulda	3 Melchers & Co. Cebu 17 Gibb, Livingston & Co.	,, Heart,	Prunes, Dried, bottle 800 250 章本年 Pumelo, Oblong, each 80 60 是多年本
Golden Fleece 4 c Prauce Brit, bge 483 April 18 Golden Fleece 4 c Wiltshire Brit, bge 893 Mar. 10	18 Carlowite & Co. Callao	,, Liver, , , 140 180 羊肝	Raisins, Muscarei, Lottle 600 500 环提乾
Hawthorn 2 c Mead rit. bge 296 May 25	New York New York	Sucking Pigs, , , , \$2.25 \$1.50 猪仔 Suct, Beef, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,, Pudding, . 1b. 200 150 珠提乾
Hate	9 Vogel & Co.	"Mutton," 120 — 生午畑 "Mutton," 120 110 牛羊油	Rose Apples, carry 60 50 葡萄 Sugar Cane, atick 40 - 广阵
John R. Stanhope 2 c Pillsbury Amer. sch. 481 May 16 Julia A. Brown 8 c Nickerson Amer. sch. 542 May 2	5 Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	Sweet Bread, catty 130 120 牛核	Sugar Cane,
Martha Davis 1 k Benson Amer, bge 848 May 20	OSiemssen & Co.	Veal, "140 130 牛仔肉	Walnuts, 100 -90 世代
Patria	1 Slemesen & Co.	Poultry.	Water Chesnuts, , 60 50 馬蹄
Perla del Oceano 4 c Aldecoa 5pan, sch. 219 May 20 Phæton 8 c cheel Brit, bqc. 576 April 10 Philippine 4 t Southwood Poit	O Chinese O Wieler & Co. Callao	Doves, each 110 100 The	Vegetables.
Philippine	6 Vogel & Co.	Cucke, catty 120 110 順	Asparagus, tin 450 400 龍鬚菜 Beans, sprout, catty 20 15 芽菜
Young Siam	8 Russell & Co. 8 Kin Tye Leans	Eggs, Hen doz. 100 — 编译	Beans, sprout,
Zouave 8 k Means Amer. sh. 1202 April 28	5 Captain	Geene, 120 110 程算	,, French,, 60 50 邊豆
Cassandra Lassen Dan sch. 171 May 30  Cassandra Ger. str. 937 May	Niemann & Co	Partridges, each 800 280 脏局抗	", Long, Dollchos," ", 30 20 豆角 Beet Root, each 10 — 紅菜頭
Juliane Brit, bqe, 464 May 14	4 Arnhold, Karberg & Co. Tientsin	Pigeon, each 140 180 白稿	Braunica, 20 15 白菜
manufacture laxinge	Zionomiang	Quail, , , 120 110 鶴鶏 Rabbits, live, Canton , , 700 600 省城家兎	Brinjals, catty 18 15 紅茄 Cabbage, Macao each 150 120 渔門棚达
Men-of-war in Hon		Snipe, each 110 100 少追	Cabbage, Macao . each 150 120 澳門椰菜 ,, Turnip (Bohl) . ,, 20 15 芥闌頭
Vessel's Name.  Anchor- Flag.  Class.	Tons. Guns. H. P. Date of Commander.	I Alta II. to	Carrots, (Canton) . catty 40 30 全省
	Aryvott.		Celery, Chinese, , 40 - 本地芹菜 Celery, English, , 80 70 來路芹菜
Marquez del Duero K. D. Spanish gunboat  Mecanes 6 k British military hospital 2	221 8 70 May 26 J. Godsil May 8 Lobé	<b>N</b>	Ohilies, Dried 100 80 辣椒乾
Modeste	19:0 14 850 May 22 J. G. Mond	Bream, catty 100 90 脚魚	" Fresh, 50 40 新鮮花椒
Mosquito 6 h British gunboat Sheldrake 7 h British gunboat	495 4 50 May 28 LtCom. G. A. Grey 60 May 15 J. B. Have	Carp, · · · · ,, 80 70 鯉魚	Cucumbers, , 20 15 黄瓜 Eurry Stur., Englise. , 60 50 加厘材料
Victor Emanuel 6 h British Commodore's flag-ship 3	3087 20 Commodore Smith	Tatfish, 60 50 赤魚	Egg Plant,
HONGKONG, MACAO AND CANTON RIVER STEAMERS.	CHINESE GUN-VESSELS IN CANTON	Odfish, Salt, ,, 160 — 鹹鯨魚 Fabs, ,, 100 50 磨	Garlie,
	WATERS, &c.	huttle Fish, 90 80 墨魚	Gourd, anake
		Dace, 80 70 資尾鰶	Green Sprouts 20 15 芥願菜
Fatchoy 153 Coulsen G. McBain Ch	nen-jui 80 8 20 A. Walker 1 nen-to 221 7 70 Stewart	ole Company	Horse Radiah, Shanghal, ,, 160 — 大羅蔔 Lettuce, Chinese — catty 25 20 唐人生菜
Kin Shan 457 Benning, T. H., C. & M. Sboat Co. Ch. Kin Kiang 617 H., C. & M. Sboat Co. Ch.	ning-on 120 2 40 Chinese Admiral ing-po 180 6 60	"Fresh water " 110 100 淡水鱔	, denglish each 10 9 來路生榮
Bir J. Jesjesbhoy 184 Kwok Acheong Li-	aun-tung 150 2 40 Chun li Hu -she 80 4 20 Read H		Maiz., Green corn, head 20 15 菜米
Tung Ting 140 Hoyland H., C. & M. S. boat Co. Qu.	lang-onou-nat 600 4 120 C. H. Parmer 120 Li Ping Tyo	" Small " 80 70 鮮魚仔	Mint, bunch 10 — 薄荷 Ukraes, cut, 80 70 毛茄
<b>Xotsa</b> 180 Browns - Kwok Acheono - Out	i-taing 160 4 60 H. Wade G	aroupa, 130 120 石班魚	mions, Bombay . ,, 80 70 洋热填
	ingino 100 g do out	urnard.	,, Green 20 15 生态
SOUCHOW SHIPPING IN PORT. MEESHANT STEA	AMERO. SATETEG VERSETA	laddock, , 100 90 黄花	Paraley, Onlinese, , , 60 — 元妥 ,, English, bunch 10 8 洋元葉
MERCHANT STEAMER.	Chinese Chinese Chinese Cutty Sark British ship	errings, fresh	Potatoss, Japanese, catty 25 20 日本署仔
Braemar Castle for London Hanyang	Oninese Herman German barque British Holloween for London E	ing Crab, each 150 - 概算器	/ , Macao, . , , 80 25 澳門磨仔
Glenfalloch for London Kiang-chine	British brig British barque	lvo Fish,	,, Sweet, ,, 12 10 准晷 Pumpkin, Green, ,, 20 15 冬瓜
Monarch for London Kiang-plau C Syria for London Kiang-tung C	Ohinese John Potts British barque L Ohinese Kolga British barque M	obstera,	,, Yellow Flat, ,, 15 12 音瓜
Tah Yeth for Shanghal Kiang-yuen Control Kiang-yung	Chinese Lydia British barque Chinese A. Mondelli British barque	Red to de de	ladishes, White, 40 80 白羅衛仔 loullions catty 25 20 连恭
MERCHANT SAILING VESSEZS.  Almatic for Tientain	British Peiho German barque P Japanese Pelham British barque	aerot Flah, , , 110 100 鷄公魚 ,	callions, catty 25 20 距桑 cesàmum, 80 70 白芝游
Cube British barque Packong	British Penang American barque British Quickston American and To	ke. 100 110 在 6	thelots,
Itasu British barque Tabyew	British Reporter American abip Chinese Salamis British barone P	laice	pinach, , , , 15 - 克茶
Laly for Hongkong Yungning O	Chinese British barque P	omfret, White , 120 110 白館	quash, bottle 20 15 關朝 ,, bitter 40 80 苦瓜
RHIPPING IN SHANGHAI HARROUR. America Britis	Ashtelot U. S. corvette	omiret, Black , , 110 100 黑饒	,, hairy , , , 40 go 節瓜
May 20, 1879.  Beatrice Beecherd. Ambaldass Britis	Egeria H. M. gunboat R	80 70 装得心。	omatoes, 40 80 格茄 ama, 80 心源
Ame	erican barque Magpie H. M. gunboat B. M. gunboat B. M. gunboat	pck Fish, , , , 100 90 石箱公	G. ORLEY, inspector of Markets.
Chiness Since less port, or arrive	ad at Wondrone Donocaer U. S. porvette	oach,	rinted and published by Gao. Murana Rave as the order
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